This document gives pertinent information concerning the reissuance of the VPDES Permit listed below. This permit is being processed as a Minor, Industrial permit. The discharge results from the operation of a potable water treatment plant. This permit action consists of updating the proposed effluent limits to reflect the current Virginia WQS (effective January 6, 2011) and updating permit language as appropriate. The effluent limitations and special conditions contained in this permit will maintain the Water Ouality Standards of 9VAC25-260-00 et seq.

1. Facility Name and Mailing

Address:

Abel Lake WTP

PO Box 339

Stafford, VA 22555-0339

Facility Location:

121 Moorewood Ln

Fredericksburg, VA 22406

County:

SIC Code:

Stafford

4941 WTP

Facility Contact Name:

Matt Sauter

Telephone Number:

(540) 658-5112

Facility E-mail Address:

MSauter@staffordcountyva.gov

2. Permit No.:

VA0057487

Expiration Date of previous permit:

March 13, 2013

Other VPDES Permits associated with this facility:

Other Permits associated with this facility:

None None

E2/E3/E4 Status:

Not Applicable

3. Owner Name:

Stafford County Board of Supervisors

Owner Contact/Title:

Janet Spencer, Asst Director for Operations

Telephone Number:

(540) 658-8620

Owner E-mail Address:

JSpencer@staffordcountyva.gov

4. Application Complete Date:

October 19, 2012

Permit Drafted By:

Alison Thompson

Date Drafted:

January 8, 2014

Draft Permit Reviewed By:

Joan Crowther

Date Reviewed:

January 14, 2014

Public Comment Period:

Start Date:

February 25, 2014

End Date:

March 27, 2014

5. Receiving Waters Information: See Attachment 1 for the Flow Frequency Determination

Receiving Stream Name:

Abel Lake

Stream Code:

laXHW

Potomac

Drainage Area at Outfall:

1.3 mi²

River Mile:

0.13

Stream Basin:

Potomac

Subbasin:

m

Section:

1c

Stream Class:

VAN-A29L

Special Standards:

PWS, b

Waterbody ID:

Not Applicable (Lake)

7Q10 Low Flow:

Not Applicable (Lake)

7Q10 High Flow:

r .

1Q10 Low Flow:

Not Applicable (Lake)

1Q10 High Flow:

Not Applicable (Lake)

30Q10 Low Flow:

Not Applicable (Lake)

30Q10 High Flow:

Not Applicable (Lake)

Harmonic Mean Flow:

Not Applicable (Lake)

30Q5 Flow:

Not Applicable (Lake)

5.	Statut	Statutory or Regulatory Basis for Special Conditions and Effluent Limitations:									
	X	State Water Contro	ol Lav	v .	EPA Guidelines						
	<u>X</u>	Clean Water Act			X	Water Quality Standards					
	X	VPDES Permit Re	gulati	on	X	Other (9VAC25-860 Potable WTP GP)					
	X EPA NPDES Regulation			1 -		·					
7.	Licen	sed Operator Require	ements	s: Not Applicable							
3.	Relial	bility Class: Not App	licabl	e							
9.	Permi	it Characterization:									
		Private		Effluent Limited		Possible Interstate Effect					
		Federal	X	Water Quality Limited		Compliance Schedule Required					
		State		Whole Effluent Toxicity Program Requir	red	Interim Limits in Permit					
	X	- WTP		Pretreatment Program Required		Interim Limits in Other Document					
		TMDL		e-DMR Participant							

10. Wastewater Sources and Treatment Description:

The Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant (WTP) is operated by Stafford County Utilities. The plant is capable of treating six million gallons of water per day, but currently operates at three million gallons per day. The service area in Stafford county includes 12,530 connections serving approximately 38,467 people.

Raw water is drawn from Abel Lake Reservoir with three raw water pumps that can pump up to 6.18 MGD to the plant. The raw water is pretreated with potassium permanganate and polymer in a contact tank prior to being sent to the flash mixer, where alum, polymer, and caustic soda are added prior to flocculation. Seasonally, or as needed, additional polymer is added in the flocculator.

From the flocculation tank, water flows into the clarifier where the solids settle out. Semiannually, the flocculation tank and the clarifier are completely drained and cleaned with all wastewater flowing to the sedimentation lagoons.

Clarifier effluent is chlorinated and then routed down through gravity sand filters. The filter units are backwashed after every 20 to 30 hours of operation or as needed to maintain acceptable product water quality. After filtration, the water is re-chlorinated, then treated with caustic soda, fluoride, and corrosion inhibitor before being sent to a clear well prior to distribution. Chlorinated water from the clear well is used to backwash the filters with the wastewater flowing to the sedimentation lagoon.

Process wastewater from this facility includes the flocculator contents when they are drained semi-annually (usually during the spring and fall), waste solids from the clarifiers, filter backwash water, and flow from sample sink drains and floor drains. The wastewater can be sent to Lagoon A, to Lagoon B, or to both simultaneously. The capacity of the lagoons is 500,000 gallons each. The process wastewater in the lagoons is allowed to settle, is dechlorinated with sodium bisulfite, then the clear supernatant is discharged through Outfall 001 back into Abel Lake. The lagoons are drained and cleaned out twice per year. Solids are removed and disposed of by Synagro.

The facility uses liquid sodium hypochlorite for disinfection of the drinking water and feeds ammonia for THM control. Ammonia is added after the clearwell, but before the water is pumped to the four million gallon storage tank; therefore, ammonia should not be present at Outfall 001.

Stafford County staff has indicated that this facility will be shut down and moth balled once the new Rocky Pen WTP in southern Stafford County (VA0092568) is operational.

See Attachment 2 for the NPDES Permit Rating Worksheet.

See Attachment 3 for a facility schematic/diagram.

Outfall Number	Discharge Sources	Treatment	Max 30-day Flow	Outfall Latitude and Longitude	
001	Backwash from filters, drainage from flocculation tanks, clarifier underdrains, water sent to waste, automatic monitoring	See Item 10 above.	0.189 MGD	38° 23' 19" N 77° 29' 1.9" W	

11. Solids Treatment and Disposal Methods:

The lagoons are drained and cleaned out twice per year. Solids are removed and disposed of by Synagro.

12. Discharges, Intakes, Monitoring Stations, Other Items in Vicinity of Discharge

TABLE 2 - Monitoring Stations, Drinking Water Intakes and Point Sources							
Drinking Water Intake (PWS)	Abel Lake/Potomac Creek	Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant raw water intake, ±1,000 feet downstream of Outfall 001					
1aPOM013.02	DEQ Ambient Monitoring Station	Abel Lake, 100 feet from the dam.					
1aPOM006.72	DEQ Ambient Monitoring Station	Potomac Creek; Route 608 Bridge, Stafford County					
VA0073121	Potomac Creek, UT	Richard Schwartz; 0.002 MGD design flow. River mile 1APOM0.02					

13. Material Storage:

TABLE 3 - Material Storage

Materials Description	Volume Stored
Caustic Soda/Sodium Hydroxide (25%)	2 - 12,000 gallons
Ferric Sulfate	2 - 6,000 gallons
Potassium Permanganate	8-10 110 lb. drums
Sodium Bisulfite	1 - 500 gallon tank
Magnafloc e-30 Polymer	1-2 55 gallon drums
Fluoride	2-3 Pallets of 50 lb. bags
Corrosion Inhibitor	Pallet of 50 lb. bags
Sodium Hypochlorite	2-5,000 gallon tanks
Ammonia	2-5,000 gallon tanks

14. Site Inspection:

Performed by DEQ Compliance staff on August 8, 2007 (Attachment 5).

15. Receiving Stream Water Quality and Water Quality Standards:

a. Ambient Water Quality Data

This facility discharges into the southern arm of Abel Lake. The nearest downstream DEQ ambient monitoring station is 1aPOM013.02, located near the dam, approximately 0.34 miles downstream of Outfall 001. The following is the water quality summary for the southern arm of Abel Lake, as taken from the 2012 Integrated Assessment:

No monitoring station exists in this segment, but temperature and dissolved oxygen values from station 1aPOM013.02 are pooled for the entire impoundment.

The aquatic life use is considered fully supporting. The fish consumption, public water supply, recreation, and wildlife uses were not assessed.

b. 303(d) Listed Stream Segments and Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)

Table 4 - Information on Downstream 303(d) Impairments and TMDLs

Waterbody Name	impaired Use	Cause	Distance From Outfall	TMDL completed	WĽA	Basis for WLA	TMDL Schedule
	Recreation in the 2012	E. coli	5.8 miles	No			2016
Potomac Creek	Fish Consumption	PCBs	7.9 miles	Tidal Potomac PCB 10/31/2007	None	NA	

There is a downstream PCB impairment in the tidal portion of Potomac Creek, which is located approximately 8 miles downstream of this facility. A PCB TMDL has been completed for the Potomac River and was approved by EPA on 10/31/2007. DEQ Staff has concluded that low-level PCB monitoring is not warranted for this facility, as it is a water treatment facility and is highly unlikely to discharge any PCBs.

The planning statement is found in Attachment 6.

c. Receiving Stream Water Quality Criteria

Part IX of 9VAC25-260(360-550) designates classes and special standards applicable to defined Virginia river basins and sections. The receiving stream, Abel Lake, is located within Section 1c of the Potomac River Basin, and classified as a Class III water.

At all times, Class III waters must achieve a dissolved oxygen (D.O.) of 4.0 mg/L or greater, a daily average D.O. of 5.0 mg/L or greater, a temperature that does not exceed 32°C, and maintain a pH of 6.0-9.0 standard units (S.U.).

Attachment 7 details other water quality criteria applicable to the receiving stream.

Ammonia:

The fresh water, aquatic life Water Quality Criteria for Ammonia is dependent on the instream temperature and pH. The 90th percentile temperature and pH values are used because they best represent the critical design conditions of the receiving stream. In this case, no dilution is allowed. In cases such as this, default values can be used to determine ammonia criteria. A temperature value of 25°C and a pH value of 8.0 S.U. were used to calculate the ammonia water quality standards. The ammonia water quality standards calculations are shown in Attachment 7.

Metals Criteria:

The Water Quality Criteria for some metals are dependent on the receiving stream's hardness (expressed as mg/L calcium carbonate). Since the facility discharges to the reservoir and has not completed a dilution study for the discharge, no dilution is allowed, so only effluent hardness shall be considered for establishing the hardness-dependent metals water quality criteria. The hardness-dependent metals criteria in Attachment 7 are based on an effluent value of 23.7 mg/L provided as part of the facility's application for reissuance.

Bacteria Criteria:

The Virginia Water Quality Standards at 9VAC25-260-170 A state that the following criteria shall apply to protect primary recreational uses in surface waters:

E. coli bacteria per 100 ml of water shall not exceed a monthly geometric mean of the following:

	Geometric Mean ¹
Freshwater E. coli (N/100 ml)	126

¹For a minimum of four weekly samples [taken during any calendar month].

d. Receiving Stream Special Standards

The State Water Control Board's Water Quality Standards, River Basin Section Tables (9VAC25-260-360, 370 and 380) designates the river basins, sections, classes, and special standards for surface waters of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The receiving stream, Abel Lake, is located within Section 1c of the Potomac Basin. This section has been designated with special standards b and PWS.

Special Standard "b" (Potomac Embayment Standards) established effluent standards for all sewage plants discharging into Potomac River embayments and for expansions of existing plants discharging into non-tidal tributaries of these embayments. 9VAC25-415, Policy for the Potomac Embayments controls point source discharges of conventional pollutants into the Virginia embayment waters of the Potomac River, and their tributaries, from the fall line at Chain Bridge in Arlington County to the Route 301 Bridge in King George County. The Potomac Embayment Standards are not applied to this discharge since the discharge is industrial in nature and does not contain the pollutants of concern in appreciable amounts.

Special Standard PWS designates a public water supply intake. The Board's Water Quality Standards establish numerical standards for specific parameters calculated to protect human health from toxic effects through drinking water and fish consumption. See 9VAC25-260-140 B for applicable criteria.

16. Antidegradation (9VAC25-260-30):

All state surface waters are provided one of three levels of antidegradation protection. For Tier 1 or existing use protection, existing uses of the water body and the water quality to protect these uses must be maintained. Tier 2 water bodies have water quality that is better than the water quality standards. Significant lowering of the water quality of Tier 2 waters is not allowed without an evaluation of the economic and social impacts. Tier 3 water bodies are exceptional waters and are so designated by regulatory amendment. The antidegradation policy prohibits new or expanded discharges into exceptional waters.

The receiving stream has been classified as Tier 2 based on the fact that the receiving water body is a water supply reservoir. All Public water supplies are assumed to be Tier 2 unless information is available to indicate otherwise (guidance memorandum No. 00-2011). No significant degradation to the existing water quality will be allowed. In accordance with current DEQ guidance, no significant lowering of water quality is to occur where permit limits are based on the following:

- The dissolved oxygen in the receiving stream is not lowered more than 0.2 mg/L from the existing levels;
- The pH of the receiving stream is maintained within the range 6.0-9.0 S.U.;
- There is compliance with all temperature criteria applicable to the receiving stream;
- No more than 25% of the unused assimilative capacity is allocated for toxic criteria established for the protection of aquatic life; and
- No more than 10% of the unused assimilative capacity is allocated for criteria for the protection of human health.

The antidegradation policy also prohibits the expansion of mixing zones to Tier 2 waters unless the requirements of 9VAC25-260-30.A.2 are met. The draft permit is not proposing an expansion of the existing mixing zone.

17. Effluent Screening, Wasteload Allocation, and Effluent Limitation Development:

To determine water quality-based effluent limitations for a discharge, the suitability of data must first be determined. Data is suitable for analysis if one or more representative data points is equal to or above the quantification level ("QL") and the data represent the exact pollutant being evaluated.

Next, the appropriate Water Quality Standards (WQS) are determined for the pollutants in the effluent. Then, the Wasteload Allocations (WLA) are calculated. In this case since the critical flows 7Q10 and 1Q10 have been determined to be zero, the WLA's are equal to the WQS. The WLA values are then compared with available effluent data to determine the need for effluent limitations. Effluent limitations are needed if the 97th percentile of the daily effluent concentration values is greater than the acute wasteload allocation or if the 97th percentile of the four-day average effluent concentration values is greater than the chronic wasteload allocation. Effluent limitations are based on the most limiting WLA, the required sampling frequency, and statistical characteristics of the effluent data.

a. Effluent Screening:

Effluent data obtained from the permit application and Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) has been reviewed and determined to be suitable for evaluation. Effluent data were reviewed, and the facility has had a good compliance record during the current permit term. The only Warning Letter issued to the facility was for a monthly average TSS exceedance in July 2009.

The following pollutants require a wasteload allocation analysis: Total Residual Chlorine since chlorine is used in the production of the drinking water. The application for reissuance indicates that the following dissolved metals are present in the effluent: Barium, Copper, Manganese, Iron, and Nickel.

b. Mixing Zones and Wasteload Allocations (WLAs):

Wasteload allocations (WLAs) are calculated for those parameters in the effluent with the reasonable potential to cause an exceedance of water quality criteria. The basic calculation for establishing a WLA is the steady state complete mix equation:

	WLA	$= \frac{C_0 [Q_e + (f)(Q_s)] - [(C_s)(f)(Q_s)]}{Q_e}$
Where:	WLA	= Wasteload allocation
	C_o	= In-stream water quality criteria
	Q_{ϵ}	= Design flow
	Q_s	= Critical receiving stream flow
		(1Q10 for acute aquatic life criteria; 7Q10 for chronic aquatic life criteria; 30Q10 for ammonia criteria; harmonic mean for carcinogen-human health criteria; and 30Q5 for non-carcinogen human health criteria)
	f	= Decimal fraction of critical flow
	C_s	= Mean background concentration of parameter in the receiving stream.

While the facility discharges directly to Abel Lake, no dilution is allowed since the Water Quality Standards prohibit a mixing zone unless there has been a dilution study performed by the facility and approved by Board. As such, there is no mixing zone and the WLA is equal to the C_0 .

Antidegradation Wasteload Allocations (AWLAs).

Since the receiving stream has been determined to be a Tier II water, staff must also determine antidegradation wasteload allocations (AWLAs). The steady state complete mix equation is used substituting the antidegradation baseline (C_b) for the instream water quality criteria (C_0):

 $AWLA = \frac{C_b\left(Q_e + Q_s\right) - \left(C_s\right)\left(Q_s\right)}{Q_e}$ Where: AWLA = Antidegradation-based wasteload allocation $C_b = \text{In-stream antidegradation baseline concentration}$ $Q_e = \text{Design flow}$ $Q_s = \text{Critical receiving stream flow}$ (1Q10 for acute aquatic life criteria; 7Q10 for chronic aquatic life criteria; 30Q10 for ammonia criteria; harmonic mean for carcinogen-human health criteria; and 30Q5 for non-carcinogen human health criteria $C_s = \text{Mean background concentration of parameter in the receiving stream.}$

Calculated AWLAs for the pollutants noted in b. above are presented in Attachment 7.

c. Effluent Limitations Toxic Pollutants, Outfall 001 -

9VAC25-31-220.D. requires limits be imposed where a discharge has a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an instream excursion of water quality criteria. Those parameters with WLAs and AWLAs that are near effluent concentrations are evaluated for limits.

The VPDES Permit Regulation at 9VAC25-31-230.D requires that monthly and weekly average limitations be imposed for continuous discharges from POTWs and monthly average and daily maximum limitations be imposed for all other continuous non-POTW discharges.

Total Residual Chlorine:

Chlorine is used for disinfection and is potentially in the discharge. Staff calculated WLAs for TRC using current critical flows and the mixing allowance. In accordance with current DEQ guidance, staff used a default data point of 0.2 mg/L and the calculated WLAs to derive limits. A monthly average of 0.002 mg/L and a daily maximum limit of 0.005 mg/L are proposed to be carried forward with this reissuance (Attachment 8).

Metals:

Manganese:

The facility reported a Dissolved Manganese concentration of 268 ug/L. DEQ's Northern Regional staff consulted with DEQ's Central Office to determine the appropriate permitting decision. We have determined that since the Dissolved Manganese human health criteria of 50 ug/L is a taste and odor issue, not an aquatic water quality issue, and that DEQ's Central Office will be investigating the actual need for a Manganese human health criteria with EPA in the next couple of years, the permit shall only require only semiannual effluent monitoring during the next permit term. Once the need for a human health criteria is determined to be valid or not, then it can be determined if an effluent limitation for Manganese is appropriate for this facility's discharge.

Copper:

The facility reported a Dissolved Copper concentration of 5.11 ug/L in the permit application. A statistical evaluation of this value demonstrates the need for a copper limit of 0.91 ug/L. Since there is only one data point, in lieu of a limit, staff is proposing semiannual monitoring for Dissolved Copper during the next permit term to collect more data points to determine if a limit is necessary.

Barium:

The facility reported a Dissolved Barium concentration of 14 ug/L in the permit application. Since the facility discharges to a Public Water Supply, the Human Health Criteria of 200 ug/L is applicable. It is staff's best professional judgment that there is no reasonable potential to exceed this Human Health Criteria and that no further monitoring is justified.

Iron:

The facility reported a Dissolved Iron concentration of 113 ug/L in the permit application. Since the facility discharges to a Public Water Supply, the Antidegradation Human Health Criteria of 30 ug/L is applicable. Since there is only one data point, in lieu of a limit, staff is proposing semiannual monitoring for Dissolved Iron during the next permit term to collect more data points to determine if a limit is necessary.

Nickel:

The facility reported a Dissolved Nickel concentration of 2.72 ug/L in the permit application. A statistical evaluation of this value demonstrates the need for a nickel limit of 2.73 ug/L. Since there is only one data point, in lieu of a limit, staff is proposing semiannual monitoring for Dissolved Nickel during the next permit term to collect more data points to determine if a limit is necessary.

d. Effluent Limitations and Monitoring, Outfall 001 - Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants

No changes to the total suspended solids (TSS) and pH limitations are proposed. pH limitations are set at the water quality criteria. The limit for Total Suspended Solids (TSS) is based on staff's best professional judgment.

e. Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Summary.

The effluent limitations are presented in the following table. Limits were established for Flow, Total Suspended Solids, pH, and Total Residual Chlorine.

Sample Type and Frequency are in accordance with the recommendations in the VPDES Permit Manual.

18. Antibacksliding:

All limits in this permit are at least as stringent as those previously established. Backsliding does not apply to this reissuance.

19. Effluent Limitations/Monitoring Requirements:

Maximum Flow of this Industrial Facility is 0.189 MGD.

Effective Dates: During the period beginning with the permit's effective date and lasting until the expiration date.

PARAMETER	BASIS FOR LIMITS		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS					
	LIMITS	Monthly Average	Daily Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Frequency	Sample Type	
Flow (MGD)	NA	NL	N/A	N/A	NL	1/M	Est	
pН	3	NA	NA	6.0 s.u.	9.0 s.u.	1/M	Grab	
TSS	2	30 mg/L	60 mg/L	NA	NA	1/M	5G/8H	
Total Residual Chlorine	3	$0.002~\mathrm{mg/L}$	$0.005~\mathrm{mg/L}$	NA	NA	1/M	Grab	
Dissolved Manganese (ug/L)*	3	· NL	NA	NA	NL	1/6M	Grab	
Dissolved Copper (ug/L)*	3	NL	NA	NA	NL	1/6M	Grab	
Dissolved Iron (ug/L)*	3	NL	NA	NA	NL	1/6M	Grab	
Dissolved Nickel (ug/L)*	3	NL	NA	NA	NL	1/6M	Grab	
Total Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)*	3	NL	NA	NA	NL	1/6M	Grab	
The basis for the limitations codes are		GD = Million galle	ons per day.					
1. Federal Effluent Requirements	3	NA = Not applicat	ole.	•	1/M = Once every month.			
2. Best Professional Judgement		NL = No limit; mo	onitor and report.		1/6M = Once every six months.			
Water Quality Standards	4	S.U. = Standard un	its.					
	i	EST = Estimate						

5G/8H = 5 Grab/Eight Hour Composite - Consisting of five (5) grab samples collected at hourly intervals until the discharge ceases or five (5) grab samples taken at equal time intervals for the duration of the discharge is less than 8 hours in length.

EST = Reported flow is to be based on the technical evaluation of the sources contributing to the discharge.

Grab = An individual sample collected over a period of time not to exceed 15-minutes.

20. Other Permit Requirements:

a. Part I.B. of the permit contains quantification levels and compliance reporting instructions. 9VAC25-31-190.L.4.c. requires an arithmetic mean for measurement averaging and 9VAC25-31-220.D. requires limits be imposed where a discharge has a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an in-stream excursion of water quality criteria. Specific analytical methodologies for toxics are listed in this permit section as well as quantification levels (QLs) necessary to demonstrate compliance with applicable permit limitations or for use in future evaluations to determine if the pollutant has reasonable potential to cause or contribute to a violation. Required averaging methodologies are also specified.

21. Other Special Conditions:

a. O&M Manual Requirement.

Required by Code of Virginia §62.1-44.19; Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations, 9VAC25-790; VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-190.E. The permittee shall maintain a current Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Manual. The permittee shall operate the treatment works in accordance with the O&M Manual and shall make the O&M Manual available to Department personnel for review upon request. Any changes in the practices and procedures followed by the permittee shall be documented in the O&M Manual within 90 days of the effective date of the changes. Non-compliance with the O&M Manual shall be deemed a violation of the permit.

b. Notification Levels.

The permittee shall notify the Department as soon as they know or have reason to believe:

- 1. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in this permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following notification levels:
 - (a) One hundred micrograms per liter;
 - (b) Two hundred micrograms per liter for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter for

^{*}The semiannual monitoring periods shall be January 1-June 30 and July 1-December 31. The DMR shall be submitted no later than the 10th day of the month following the monitoring period.

- 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter for antimony;
- (c) Five times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or (d) The level established by the Board.
- 2. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a nonroutine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in this permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following notification levels:
 - (a) Five hundred micrograms per liter;
 - (b) One milligram per liter for antimony;
 - (c) Ten times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
 - (d) The level established by the Board.

c. Materials Handling/Storage.

9VAC25-31-50 A prohibits the discharge of any wastes into State waters unless authorized by permit. Code of Virginia §62.1-44.16 and §62.1-44.17 authorize the Board to regulate the discharge of industrial waste or other waste.

- d. <u>TMDL Reopener</u>: This special condition is to allow the permit to reopened if necessary to bring it in compliance with any applicable TMDL that may be developed and approved for the receiving stream.
- 22. <u>Permit Section Part II.</u> Part II of the permit contains standard conditions that appear in all VPDES Permits. In general, these standard conditions address the responsibilities of the permittee, reporting requirements, testing procedures and records retention.

23. Changes to the Permit from the Previously Issued Permit:

- a. Special Conditions:
 - 1) The special conditions related to the Whole Effluent Toxicity testing have been removed with this reissuance.
- b. Monitoring and Effluent Limitations:
 - 1) During the previous permit term, the facility monitored Whole Effluent Toxicity on an annual basis. A review of this data demonstrated that there is no toxicity present (Attachment 9); therefore, staff proposes to remove the Whole Effluent Toxicity testing with this reissuance.
 - 2) Semiannual monitoring for Dissolved Copper, Dissolved Manganese, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved Nickel, and Total Hardness has been added to the permit.

24. Variances/Alternate Limits or Conditions:

No variances or alternate limits are proposed.

25. Public Notice Information:

First Public Notice Date:

February 25, 2014

Second Public Notice Date:

March 4, 2014

Public Notice Information is required by 9VAC25-31-280 B. All pertinent information is on file and may be inspected, and copied by contacting the: DEQ Northern Regional Office, 13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, VA 22193, Telephone No. (703) 583-3834, Alison. Thompson@deq.virginia.gov. See Attachment 10 for a copy of the public notice document.

Persons may comment in writing or by email to the DEQ on the proposed permit action, and may request a public hearing, during the comment period. Comments shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the writer and of all persons represented by the commenter/requester, and shall contain a complete, concise statement of the factual basis for comments. Only those comments received within this period will be considered. The DEQ may decide to hold a public hearing, including another comment period, if public response is significant and there are substantial, disputed issues relevant to the permit. Requests for public hearings shall state 1) the reason why a hearing is requested; 2) a brief, informal statement regarding the nature and extent of the interest of the requester or of those represented by the requester, including how and to what extent such interest would be directly and adversely affected by the permit; and 3) specific references, where possible, to terms and conditions of the permit with suggested revisions. Following the comment period, the Board will make a determination regarding the proposed permit action. This determination will become effective, unless the DEQ grants a public hearing. Due notice of any public hearing will be given. The public may request an electronic copy of the draft permit and fact sheet or review the draft permit and application at the DEQ Northern Regional Office by appointment.

26. Additional Comments:

Previous Board Action(s): None.

Staff Comments: This permit reissuance was delayed because staff had planned for the facility to apply for coverage under the Potable Water Treatment Plant General Permit (9VAC25-860) with an effective date of December 24, 2013. The facility opted to continue coverage under the individual permit.

Public Comment: There was no public comment.

Stafford County Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant Table of Contents VA0057487

Attachment 1	Flow Frequency Determination for Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant
Attachment 2	NPDES Permit Rating Worksheet
Attachment 3	Facility schematic/diagram
Attachment 4	U.S.G.S. Topographic Map (Stafford 182B)
Attachment 5	Technical Inspection Report (substituting for Site Inspection which was performed by Susan Oakes & Beth Biller on August 8, 2007)
Attachment 6	Planning Statement Dated October 22, 2012
Attachment 7	Water Quality Criteria/Wasteload Allocation Spreadsheet
Attachment 8	Statistical analysis for chlorine effluent limitations
Attachment 9	Whole Effluent Toxicity Data
Attachment 10	Public Notice

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY - WATER DIVISION

Water Quality Assessments and Planning
629 E. Main Street P.O. Box 10009 Richmond, Virginia 23240

SUBJECT: Flow Frequency Determination

Abel Lake WTP - #VA0057487

TO:

Kultar Singh, NRO

FROM:

Paul E. Herman, P.E., WQAP

DATE:

March 31, 1997

COPIES:

Ron Gregory, Charles Martin, File

DECEIVED

Northern VA. Region Dept. of Env. Quality

The Abel Lake WTP discharges to the Abel Lake near Stafford, VA. Flow frequencies are required at this site for use by the permit writer in developing effluent limitations for the VPDES permit.

The values at the discharge point were determined by inspection of the USGS Stafford Quadrangle topographical map which shows the discharge is directly to the Abel Lake. The flow frequencies for impoundments are 0.0 cfs for the 1Q10, 7Q10, 30Q5, high flow 1Q10, high flow 7Q10, and the harmonic mean. If there are any minumum release requirements for this impoundment, they are not known.

If you have any questions concerning this analysis, please let me know.

							LX	Regular Additio	n	
								Discretionary A	ddition	
VPE	DES NO. : _	VA0057	487					Score change, I	but no status Cha	nge
								Deletion		
Facil	lity Name: _	Abel Lal	ke Water T	reatment Pla	ant					
City	/ County:	Stafford		· · · ·						
Receivi	ng Water:	Abel Lal	ke							
Reach	Number:									
	lity a steam ele e following cha			1911) with one o		<i>permit for a</i> mu tion greater tha			sewer serving a	
	tput 500 MW or g			nond/lake)		S; score is 700				
	power Plant	greater (not	daing a occining	pondiancy	<u>}</u>	; (continue)	(Stop	· norey		•
	•	reater than 2	25% of the rece	eiving stream's 7Q		·				
Yes; s	core is 600 (st	op here)	X NO; (co	ntinue)						
FACTO	R 1: Toxic F	Pollutani	t Potential							
PCS SIC (Code:		_ Primary Si	ic Code: 494	1	Other Sic Cod	es:			
Industrial S	Subcategory Co	ode: 0		(Code 00	0 if no subca	itegory)				
Determine	the Toxicity po	otential from	m Appendix A	N. Be sure to us	e the TOTAL	. toxicity potenti	ial co	lumn and check	one)	
Toxicity	Group Co	de Poin	its	Toxicity Group	Code	Points		Toxicity Grou	ip Code	Points
No prod		0	[3.	3	15		X 7.	7	35
waste s	streams	•	Į		J	10		· / /·	•	55
1.	1	5	į	4.	4	20		8.	8	40
2.	2	10	•	5.	5	25		9.	9	45
				6.	6	30		10.	10	50
								Code Numbe	r Checked:	7
								Total Points	Factor 1:	35
	R 2: Flow/S			1e (Complete ei	ither Section				n Flow Considered	4
	astewater Type	,		Dointo	Wast	ewater Type			Wastewater Concer	
(s	ee Instructions)	Code	Points		Instructions)		Receiving	Stream Low Flow	
Type I:	Flow < 5 MGI		11	0	_				Code	Points
	Flow 5 to 10 i		12	10	T	ype I/III:		< 10 %	41	0
	Flow > 10 to :		13	20				10 % to < 50 %	42	10
	Flow > 50 MG	žυ	14	30				> 50%	43	20
Type II:	Flow < 1 MG	כ	X 21	10		Type II:		< 10 %	51	0
	Flow 1 to 5 M	GD	22	20				10 % to < 50 %	52	20
	Flow > 5 to 10	MGD	23	30				> 50 %	53	30
	Flow > 10 MC	S D	24	50						
Type III:	Flow < 1 MGI	כ	31	0						
	Flow 1 to 5 M	GD	32	10						
	Flow > 5 to 10) MGD	33	20						
	Flow > 10 MG	SD.	34	30		•				
)					•					÷
	•						Cod	de Checked from		21
								Total D	nints Factor 2:	10

(only when limited by the pen								
A. Oxygen Demanding Pollut	ants: (check one)	BOD	COD		X Other:	Not Applic	able	
Permit Limits: (check one	10	100 lbs/day 00 to 1000 lbs/day 1000 to 3000 lbs/day 3000 lbs/day	1	Code 1 2 3 4	Points 0 5 15 20			
					Code N	umber Chec		NA
						Points Sco	red:	NA
B. Total Suspended Solids (T	5 S)							
Permit Limits: (check one	X < 10	100 lbs/day 00 to 1000 lbs/day 1000 to 5000 lbs/day 5000 lbs/day	y	Code 1 2 3 4	Points 0 5 15 20			
					Code N	umber Chec	ked:	. 1
						Points Sco	red:	0
C. Nitrogen Pollutants: (check	k one)	Ammonia	X Other:	Not A	pplicable			
Permit Limits: (check one	e) N	litrogen Equivalent		Code	Points	\$		
	3:	300 lbs/day 00 to 1000 lbs/day 1000 to 3000 lbs/da 3000 lbs/day	у	1 2 3 4	0 5 15 20	·		
					Code N	umber Chec	ked:	NA
						Points Sco		NA
	·				Total I	Points Fact	or 3:	0
FACTOR 4: Public He Is there a public drinking wate the receiving water is a tribut ultimately get water from the X YES; (If yes, check toxici NO; (If no, go to Factor 5	er supply located wi lary)? A public drink above reference su ity potential number	ing water supply ma pply.						
Determine the Human Health the Human Health toxicity gro			ne SIC doe and	d subcate	gory reference	as in Facto	r 1. (Be sı	ure to use
Toxicity Group Code	Points	Toxicity Group	Code Poin	ts	Toxicity	Group	Code	Points
No process waste streams 0	0	3.	3 0		X	7.	7	15
1. 1	о [4.	4 0			8.	8	20
2. 2	о [5.	5 5			9.	9	25
	ĺ	6.	6 10		[]	10.	10	30

Code Number Checked: Total Points Factor 4:

FACTOR 5: Water Quality Factors

Is (or will) one or more of the effluent discharge limits based on water quality factors of the receiving stream (rather than technology-base state effluent guidelines), or has a wasteload allocation been to the discharge

	Code	Points
X YES	1	10
NO NO	2	0

B. Is the receiving water in compliance with applicable water quality standards for pollutants that are water quality limited in the permit?

h	Code	Points
X YES	1	0
NO NO	2	5

C. Does the effluent discharged from this facility exhibit the reasonable potential to violate water quality standards due to whole effluent toxicity?

	Code				Points					
YES	1				10					•
X NO	2				0					
Code Number Checked:	Α	1		В	1		С	2		
Points Factor 5:	Α _	10	+	В	0	+	c ¯	0	 10	

FACTOR 6: Proximity to Near Coastal Waters

Chesapeake Bay?

Code

A. Base Score: Enter flow code here (from factor 2) 21

Check a	ppropriate fac	cility HPRI code	(from PCS):	Enter the multiplication factor that corresponds to the flow code: 0.10					
	HPRI#	Code	HPRI Score	Flow Code	Multiplication Factor				
	1	1	20	11, 31, or 41	0.00				
				12, 32, or 42	0.05				
	2	2	0	13, 33, or 43	0.10				
				14 or 34	0.15				
	3	3	30	21 or 51	0.10				
				22 or 52	0.30				
X	4	4	0	23 or 53	0.60				
				24	1.00				
	5	5	20						
HP	RI code chec	ked: 4			•				
Base Sc	ore (HPRI Sc	ore): 0	. x	(Multiplication Factor) 0.10 =	0				

B. Additional Points – NEP Program

For a facility that has an HPRI code of 3, does the facility discharge to one of the estuaries enrolled in the National Estuary Protection (NEP) program (see instructions) or the

C. Additional Points – For a facility that he discharge any of the Lakes' 31 area's of

Points

C. Additional Points – Great Lakes Area of Concern For a facility that has an HPRI code of 5, does the facility discharge any of the pollutants of concern into one of the Great Lakes' 31 area's of concern (see instructions)?

Points

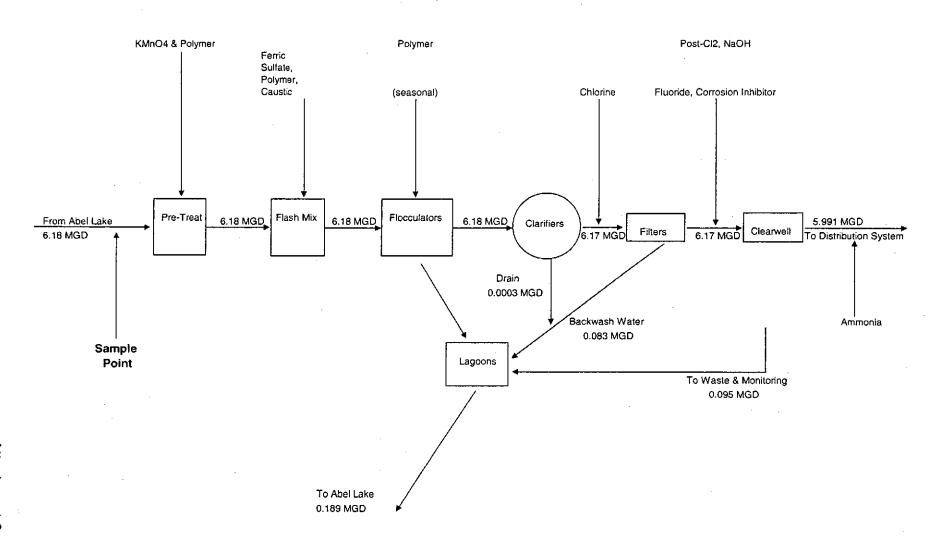
Code

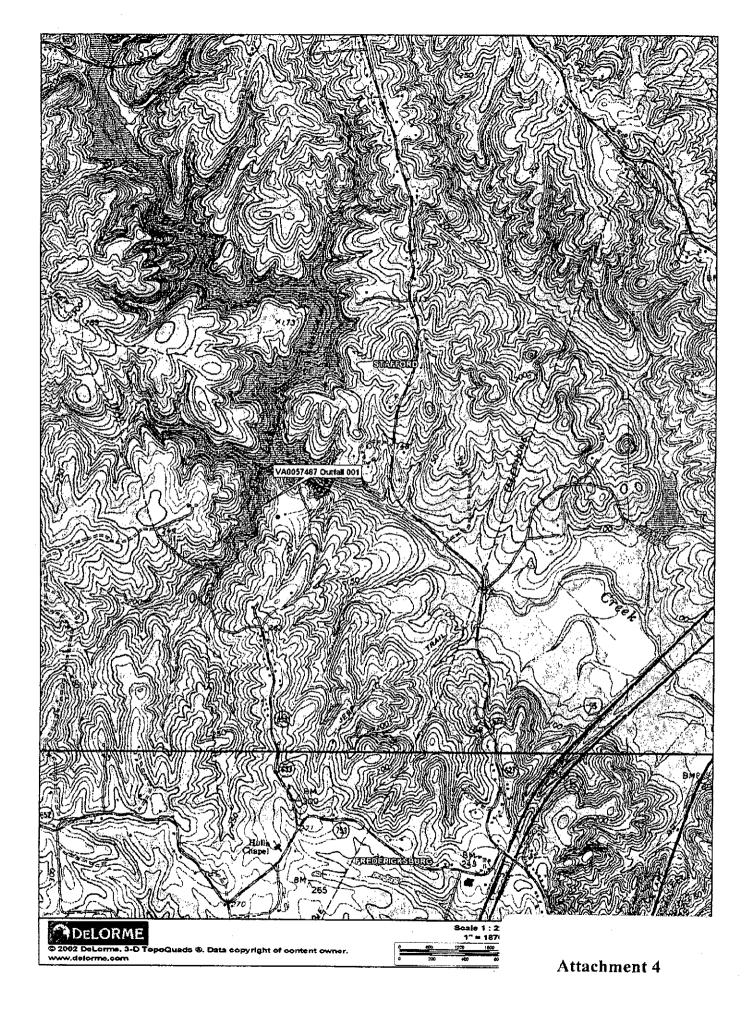
	1	10						1		10			
X	2	0					X	2		0			
	Co	ode Number Checked:	Α	4		В	2		C	2			
		Points Factor 6:	Α	0	+	В	0	+	c ¯	0	_ =	0	

SCORE SUMMARY

<u>Factor</u>	Description	<u>Total F</u>	Points
1 .	Toxic Pollutant Potential	35	
2	Flows / Streamflow Volume	10	
3	Conventional Pollutants	0	
4	Public Health Impacts	15	
5	Water Quality Factors	10	
6	Proximity to Near Coastal Waters	0	
	TOTAL (Factors 1 through 6)	70	<u>) </u>
S1. Is the total score equal to or grater th	an 80 YES; (Facility is a M	ajor) X No	o
S2. If the answer to the above questions	is no, would you like this facility to be o	discretionary major?	
	ve score and provide reason below:		
NEW SCORE : 70 OLD SCORE : 70			•
•	Perr	nit Reviewer's Name :	Alison Thompson
		Phone Number:	(703)583-3834
		Date:	January 6, 2014

Schematic of Water Flow Abel Lake Water Treatment Facility Stafford County, Virginia







COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
NORTHERN VIRGINIA REGIONAL OFFICE
13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, Virginia 22193
(703) 583-3800 Fax (703) 583-3801
www.deq.virginia.gov

David K. Paylor Director

Thomas A. Faha Regional Director

August 16, 2007

Mr. Harry L. Critzer Assistant Director of Utilities 1300 Courthouse Road P.O. Box 339 Stafford, VA 22555-0339

Re: Abel Lake WTP - VA0057487

Dear Mr. Critzer:

Preston Bryant

Secretary of Natural Resources

Attached are copies of the laboratory and technical inspection reports generated from observations made while performing a Facility Technical Inspection at the Abel Lake - Water Treatment Plant (WTP) on August 8, 2007. The water compliance staff would like to thank Mr. Matt Sauter and staff for their time and assistance during the inspection.

Deficiencies were noted during the laboratory inspection. As discussed at the time of inspection EPA published an update to 40 CFR Part 136 on March 12, 2007. Any methods currently in use for compliance monitoring (pH, TSS, Chlorine) need to be reviewed to ensure they are still approved. Any required changes must be implemented by September 12, 2007 (DMR due October 10, 2007). I've enclosed a copy of the summary table and foot notes with this inspection report.

If you have any questions or comments concerning this report, please feel free to contact me at the Northern Virginia Regional Office at (703) 583–3896 or by email at eabiller@deq.virginia.gov.

Sincerely,

Book Biller

Beth Biller

Environmental Specialist II

CC:

Permits/DMR file Compliance Inspector Compliance Manager Compliance Auditor

WASTEWATER FACILITY INSPECTION REPORT

PREFACE

		,	PREF	ACE					
VPDES/State Certific	ation No.	(RE) Issua	ance Date Amendment Date			e	Expiration Date		
VA005748	7	January	7, 2003				January 6, 2008		
Facil	ity Name		Address				Telephone Number		
Abel	Lake WTP		121 Moorwood Drive Falmouth, VA 22406				(540) 374-9376		
Own	er Name				Address		Telephone Nu	ımber	
Stafford C	ounty Utilitie	\$	P.O. Bo	ox,	339, Stafford, VA 22	554	(540) 659-	B695	
Respon	sible Official				Title		Telephone Nu	ımber	
Harr	y Critzer		A:	sst.	Director of Utilities		(540) 659-	8620	
Respons	ible Operator		Op	perat	or Cert. Class/number		Telephone No	ımber	
Mat	t Sauter		,	Wat	er I/1901 000734		(540) 374-	9376	
YPE OF FACILITY:					<u> </u>				
	DOMESTIC			•		INDUSTR	IAL	·	
Federal		Major			Major		Primary		
Non-federal		Minor			Minor X		X Secondary		
NFLUENT CHARACTERIS	STICS:	. 			DESIGN:	<u> </u>	<u></u>		
		Flow	0.182 MGD erved 38,467						
		Population Se			38,467				
		Connections Se	erved		12,530	_			
FFLUENT LIMITS: (mg/	L unless specifi	ed)					<u>· </u>		
Parameter	Min.	Avg.	Max.		Parameter	Min.	Avg.	Max	
Flow (MGD)		NL			TSS		30	60	
pH (s.u.)	6,0		9.0		TRC		0.002	0.00	
		Receiving Stre	ream		Abel Lake				
Basin			Potomac River			liver			
Discharge Point				AT) 38° 23″ 19′					
	D	ischarge Point ((LONG)		77° 29″	19'			



NORTHERN VIRGINIA REGIONAL OFFICE 13901 CROWN COURT, WOODBRIDGE, VA. 22193 PHONE: (703) 583-3800 FAX: (703) 583-3871

SITE INSPECTION REPORT

FACILITY NAME:	Abel Lai	ke WTI	P			<u> </u>	
PERMIT NUMBER:	VA0057	487	INSPECTION DATE:	DATE:	ATE: 8/14/07		
INSPECTOR:	Beth Bil	ler	REVIEWER E	d Stuart	DATE	8/15	5/07
PRESENT AT INSF	PECTION:	Susa	ın Oakes – DEQ; Matt	Sauter – Plant M	anager		

Insi	pection	Type:
4113	PECLICII	· ypc.

	Compliance	WL/NOV#:		Announced
	Sampling		X	Scheduled
Х	Other: Tecl	nnical		

Observation Section:

- Arrived on-site @ 0920.
- ▶ Weather conditions were mostly cloudy, hot, humid, temperatures in the 90s.
- We introduced ourselves to plant staff and explained the purpose of our visit.
- ▶ Mr. Sauter provided a tour of the facility:
 - An electrical upgrade is in progress.
 - o A new generator has been installed and was tested under load at the time of installation.
 - Regular testing will occur once per week for 30 minutes (Mondays)
 - Testing under a full load will occur once per guarter.
 - The treatment works consists of 2 trains:
 - Raw water enters the influent splitter where potassium permanganate and caustic are added prior to entering the flash mixer.
 - At the time of inspection the mixer paddle has been removed. The mixer bearings wore out; a replacement has been ordered and is in transit (shipped 7/25/07).
 - Flow then enters another splitter where it is pumped to the upflow darifiers. The units are cleaned twice per year.
 - Sludge is blown down for 5 minutes per shift/per clarifier and transferred to one of the two lagoons.
 - Polymer and Chlorine are added prior to flow entering the Green Leaf Filters. The filters consist of 3 inches of torpedo sand, 18 inches of filter sand, and 18 inches of anthracite.

Observation Section continued:

- Backwash is based on head loss and turbidity, currently every 20-30 hours.
 - Backwash is dechlorinated prior to entering the lagoons.
- At the filter sump pumps caustic, chlorine, and fluoride are added.
 - Caustic is currently being fed from the bulk storage tanks. Fiberglass particles were discovered in the day tanks causing them to clog.
 - A new fluoride shipment was just received, prior to receipt facility was not feeding fluoride.
- Ammonia addition is also possible for chloramines removal.
- All controls are automatic with a manual option. Telemetry is monitored in the operations building.
- A backup generator is tested every two weeks under full load.
- ▶ Departed site @ 1020.

PHOTOGRAPH LOG

- ▶ Photos taken by Beth Biller
- ▶ Photos can be located on the DEQ U drive @ Photos Water Facilities Abel Lake WTP (VA0057487).
- ▶ Photos are included with this report.

Compliance	Section:
------------	----------

DMR VIOLATION(S): None

INSPECTION VIOLATION(S): None

CAUSE OF VIOLATION(S):

CORRECTIVE ACTION(S) TAKEN:

Sampling Section: NA

To:

Alison Thompson

From:

Jennifer Carlson

Date:

October 22, 2012

Subject:

Planning Statement for Abel Lake WTP

Permit Number:

VA0057487

Information for Outfall 001:

Discharge Type:

Industrial

Discharge Flow:

, 0,182 MGD

Receiving Stream:

- Abel Lake

Latitude / Longitude:

38° 23′ 19″ N/ 77°

Rivermile:

0.13

Streamcode:

1aXHW

Waterbody: 🗈

VAN-A29L

Water Quality Standards: Class III, Section 1c, special standard PWS, b

Drainage Area:

1. Please provide water quality monitoring information for the receiving stream segment. If there is not monitoring information for the receiving stream segment, please provide information on the nearest downstream monitoring station, including how far downstream the monitoring station is from the outfall.

This facility discharges into the southern arm of Abel Lake. The nearest downstream DEQ ambient monitoring station is 1aPOM013.02, located near the dam, approximately 0.34 miles downstream of Outfall 001. The following is the water quality summary for the southern arm of Abel Lake, as taken from the Draft 2012 Integrated Assessment*:

Class III, Section 1c, special stds. PWS, b.

No monitoring station exists in this segment, but temperature and dissolved oxygen values from station 1aPOM013.02 are pooled for the entire impoundment.

The aquatic life use is considered fully supporting. The fish consumption, public water supply, recreation, and wildlife uses were not assessed.

- * Virginia's Draft 2012 Integrated Report (IR) has been through the public comment period and reviewed by EPA. The 2012 IR is currently awaiting final approval.
- 2. Does this facility discharge to a stream segment on the 303(d) list? If yes, please fill out Table A.

No.

3. Are there any downstream 303(d) listed impairments that are relevant to this discharge? If yes, please fill out Table B.

Table B. Information on Downstream 303(d) Impairments and TMDLs

							
Waterbody Name	Impaired Use	Cause	Distance From Outfall	TMDL completed	WLA	Basis for WLA	TMDŁ Schedule
Impairment	Information in th	e Draft 2012 Int	egrated Rep	ort*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N	10
Potomac	Recreation	E. coli	5.8 miles	No			2016
Potomac Creek	Fish Consumption	PCBs	7.9 miles	Tidal Potomac PCB 10/31/2007	None	N/A	

^{*} Virginia's Draft 2012 Integrated Report (IR) has been through the public comment period and reviewed by EPA. The 2012 IR is currently being finalized and prepared for release.

4. Is there monitoring or other conditions that Planning/Assessment needs in the permit?

There is a downstream PCB impairment in the tidal portion of Potomac Creek, which is located approximately 8 miles downstream of this facility. A PCB TMDL has been completed for the Potomac River and was approved by EPA on 10/31/2007. DEQ Staff has concluded that low-level PCB monitoring is not warranted for this facility, as it is a water treatment facility and is highly unlikely to discharge any PCBs.

There is a completed downstream TMDL for the aquatic life use impairment for the Chesapeake Bay. However, the Bay TMDL and the WLAs contained within the TMDL are not addressed in this planning statement.

5. Fact Sheet Requirements – Please provide information regarding any drinking water intakes located within a 5 mile radius of the discharge point.

The public water supply intake for Abel Lake WTP is located within 5 miles of the discharge location.

FRESHWATER WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Facility Name:

Abel Lake WTP

Permit No.: VA005487

Receiving Stream:

Early Life Stages Present Y/N? =

Abel Lake

Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Stream Information	eam Information Strea			Mixing Information		Effluent Information	Effluent Information	
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	mg/L	1Q10 (Annual) ≃	0 MGD	Annual - 1Q10 Mix =	100 %	Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	23.7 mg/L	
90% Temperature (Annual) ≃	deg C	7Q10 (Annual) =	0 MGD	- 7Q10 Mix =	100 %	90% Temp (Annual) =	25 deg C	
90% Temperature (Wet season) =	deg C	30Q10 (Annual) ≈	0 MGD	- 30Q10 Mix =	100 %	90% Temp (Wet season) =	deg C	
90% Maximum pH =	\$U	1Q10 (Wet season) =	0 MGD	Wet Season - 1Q10 Mix ≈	100 %	90% Maximum pH =	8 SU	
10% Maximum pH =	SU	30Q10 (Wet season)	0 MGD	- 30Q10 Mix =	100 %	10% Maximum pH =	SU	
Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	2	30Q5 =	0 MGD			Discharge Flow =	0.189 MGD	
Public Water Supply (PWS) Y/N? =	у	Harmonic Mean =	0 MGD					
Trout Present Y/N? =	n							

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	ality Criteria		Wasteload Allocations				-	Antidegrada	ation Baseline	÷	Aı	ntidegradatio	n Allocations	5	Most Limiting Allocations			
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	HH	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PW\$)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН
Acenapthene	0	-	-	6.7E+02	9.9E+02	-		6.7E+02	9.9E+02			6.7E+01	9.9E+01	-		6.7E+01	9.9E+01			6.7E+01	9.9E+01
Acrolein	0		-	6.1E+00	9.3E+00			6.1E+00	9.3E+00			6.1E-01	9.3E-01	-	-	6.1E-01	9.3E-01	-		6.1E-01	9.3E-01
Acrylonitrile ^c	0			5.1E-01	2.5E+00		-	5.1E-01	2.5E+00			5.1E-02	2.5E-01			5.1E-02	2.5E-01	-		5.1E-02	2.5E-01
Aldrin ^c	0	3.0E+00	-	4.9E-04	5.0E-04	3.0E+00	-	4.9E-04	5.0E-04	7.5E-01		4.9E-05	5.0E-05	7.5E-01		4.9E-05	5.0E-05	7.5E-01		4.9E-05	5.0E-05
оншовати (ніді) (Yearly) оншовати (ніді)	0	8.41E+00	1.24E+00	-	-	8.41E+00	1.24E+00	-	-	2.10E+00	3.10E-01	-	-	2.10E+00	3.10E-01	-	-	2.10E+00	3.10E-01		-
(High Flow)	0	8.41E+00	2.43E+00			8.41E+00	2.43E+00			2.10E+00	6.08E-01			2.10E+00	6.08E-01	-	-	2.10E+00	6.08E-01		
Anthracene	0		-	8.3E+03	4.0E+04		-	8.3E+03	4.0E+04	-		8.3E+02	4.0E+03		-	8.3E+02	4.0E+03			8.3E+02	4.0E+03
Antimony	0	-	-	5.6E+00	6.4E+02	-	-	5.6E+00	6.4E+02	_	-	5.6E-01	6.4E+01	-	-	5.6E-01	6.4E+01			6.6E-01	6.4E+01
Arsenic	0	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	1.0E+01		3.4E+02	1.5E+02	1.0E+01	-	8.5E+01	3.8E+01	1.0E+00		8.5E+01	3.8E+01	1.0E+00	-	8.5E+01	3.8E+01	1.0E+00	
Barium	0	-		2.0E+03		-	-	2.0E+03				2.0E+02		-	-	2.0E+02	-			2.0E+02	
Benzene ^C	0		-	2.2E+01	5.1E+02			2.2E+01	5.1E+02			2.2E+00	5.1E+01	•		2.2E+00	5.1E+01		-	2.2E+00	5.1E+01
Benzidine ^c	0			8.6E-04	2.0E-03	-	-	8.6E-04	2.0E-03	-	-	8.6E-05	2.0E-04	-	-	8.6E-05	2.0E-04	-		8.6E-05	2.0E-04
Benzo (a) anthracene ^c	0	-	-	3.8E-02	1.8E-01	-	-	3.8E-02	1.8E-01	-	-	3.8E-03	1.8E-02	-	-	3.8E-03	1.8E-02			3.8E-03	1.8E-02
Benzo (b) fluoranthene ^c	0	-	-	3.8E-02	1.8E-01			3.8E-02	1.8E-01	-	-	3.8E-03	1.8E-02	-		3.8E-03	1.8E-02			3.8E-03	1.8E-02
Benzo (k) fluoranthene ^c	0	-		3.8E-02	1.8E-01	-	-	3.8E-02	1.8E-01	-	-	3.8E-03	1.8E-02	-	-	3.8E-03	1,8E-02		••	3.8E-03	1.8E-02
Benzo (a) pyrene ^c	0	-		3.8E-02	1.8E-01			3.8E-02	1.8E-01	-		3.8E-03	1.8E-02			3.8E-03	1.8E-02	-	-	3.8E-03	1.8E-02
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether ^c	0			3.0E-01	5.3E+00	-	-	3.0E-01	5.3E+00	-		3.0E-02	5.3E-01	-	-	3.0E-02	5.3E-01			3.0E-02	5.3E-01
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	0	_	-	1.4E+03	6.5E+04	-	-	1.4E+03	6.5E+04	-	-	1.4E+02	6.5E+03	-	***	1.4E+02	6.5E+03	••	••	1.4E+02	6.5E+03
Bis 2-Ethylhexyl Phthalale c	0	-		1.2E+01	2.2E+01		-	1.2E+01	2.2E+01	-	-	1.2E+00	2.2E+00	-	<u></u> '	1.2E+00	2.2E+00		-	1.2E+00	2.2E+00
Bromoform ^c	0	~		4.3E+01	1.4E+03			4.3E+01	1.4E+03	-		4.3E+00	1.4E+02		_	4.3E+00	1.4E+02			4.3E+00	1.4E+02
Butylbenzylphthalate	0		-	1.5E+03	1.9E+03	_	-	1.5E+03	1.9E+03	-	-	1.5E+02	1.9E+02	-		1.5E+02	1.9E+02	••		1.5E+02	1.9E+02
Cadmium	0	8.2E-01	3.8E-01	5.0E+00	-	8.2E-01	3.8E-01	5.0E+00		2.1E-01	9.5E-02	5.0E-01	-	2.1E-01	9.5E-02	5.0E-01	-	2.1E-01	9.5E-02	5.0E-01	-
Carbon Tetrachloride ^c	0	-	-	2.3E+00	1.6E+01			2.3E+00	1.6E+01			2.3E-01	1.6E+00			2.3E-01	1.6E+00	-		2.3E-01	1.6E+00
Chlordane ^c	0	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	8.0E-03	8.1E-03	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	8.0E-03	8.1E-03	6.0E-01	1.1E-03	8.0E-04	8.1E-04	6.0E-01	1.1E-03	8.0E-04	B.1E-04	6.0E-01	1.1E-03	8.0E-04	8.1E-04
Chloride	0	8.6E+05	2.3E+05	2.5E+05		8.6E+05	2.3E+05	2.5E+05	_	2.2E+05	5.8E+04	2.5E+04		2.2E+05	5.8E+04	2.5E+04	-	2.2E+05	5.8E+04	2.5E+04	
TRC	0	1.9E+01	1.1E+01			1.9E+01	1.1E+01	_	_	4.8E+00	2.8E+00	-		4.8E+00	2.8E+00			4.8E+00	2.8E+00		_
Chiorobenzene	0			1.3E+02	1.6E+03			1.3E+02	1.6E+03			1.3E+01	1,6E+02			1.3E+01	1.6E+02			1.3E+01	1.6E+02

Parameter	Background Water Quality Criteria]	Wasteload	I Allocations		,	Antidegrada	ation Baselini	е	A	ntidegradati	on Allocations		Most Limiting Allocations				
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS):	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн
Chlorodibromomethane ^c	0			4.0E+00	1.3E+02	_		4.0E+00	1.3E+02	-		4.0E-01	1.3E+01			4.0E-01	1.3E+01	-		4.0E-01	1.3E+01
Chloroform				3.4E+02	1.1E+04			3.4E+02	1.1E+04	_		3.4E+01	1.1E+03			3.4E+01	1.1E+03	••		3.4E+01	1.1E+03
2-Chloronaphthalene	a			1.0E+03	1.6E+03	_		1.0E+03	1.6E+03			1.0E+02	1.6E+02	_		1.0E+02	1.6E+02		••	1.0E+02	1.6E+02
2-Chlorophenol	l o l			B.1E+01	1.5E+02	_		8.1E+01	1.5E+02		_	8.1E+00	1.5E+01	_		8.1E+00	1.5E+01			8.1E+00	1.5E+01
Chlorpyrifos	o l	8.3E-02	4.1E-02	<u></u>		8.3E-02	4.1E-02	_	••	2.1E-02	1.0E-02	**	_	2.1E-02	1.0E-02			2.1E-02	1.0E-02	-	
Chromium III	o l	1.8E+02	2.4E+01			1.8E+02	2.4E+01			4.6E+01	6.0E+00			4.6E+01	6.0E+00	_		4.6E+01	6.0E+00		
Chromium VI	0	1.6E+01	1.1E+01			1.6E+01	1.1E+01			4.0E+00	2.8E+00			4.0E+00	2.8E+00		••	4.0E+00	2.8E+00		
Chromium, Total	ه ا	-		1.0E+02				1.0E+02	-			1.0E+01	_			1.0E+01				1.0E+01	
Chrysene ^C	a l			3.8E-03	1.8E-02	<u>-</u>		3.8E-03	1.8 E-0 2	_		3.8E-04	1.8E-03	_		3.8É-04	1.8E-03			3.8E-04	1.8E-03
Copper	0	3.6E+00	2.7E+00	1.3E+03		3.6E+00	2.7E+00	1.3E+03		9.1E-01	6.8E-01	1.3E+02		9.1E-01	6.8E-01	1.3E+02	-	9.1E-01	6.8E-01	1.3E+02	
Cyanide, Free	o l	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	1.4E+02	1.6E+04	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	1.4E+02	1.6E+04	5.5E+00	1.3E+00	1.4E+01	1.6E+03	5.5E+00	1.3E+00	1.4E+01	1.6E+03	5.5E+00	1.3E+00	1.4E+01	1.6E+03
DDD C	o l	2.22.01	-	3.1E-03	3.1E-03		5.22.00	3.1E-03	3.1E-03	0.02.00	-	3.1E-04	3.1E-04			3.1E-04	3.1E-04			3.1E-04	3.1E-04
DDE c	o l			2.2E-03	2.2E-03	"	_	2.2E-03	2.2E-03	_	_	2.2E-04	2.2E-04		-	2.2E-04	2.2E-04			2.2E-04	2.2E-04
DDT °	0	1,1E+00	1.0E-03	2.2E-03	2.2E-03	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	2.2E-03	2.2E-03	2.8E-01	2.5E-04	2.2E-04	2.2E-04	2.8E-01	2.5E-04	2.2E-04	2.2E-04	2.8E-01	2.5E-04	2.2E-04	2.2E-04
Demeton	a		1.0E-01			-	1.0E-01		-	2.02.01	2.5E-02				2.5E-02	-		2.02-01	2.5E-02		
Diazinon	a	1.7E-01	1.7E-01	_	_	1.7E-01	1.7E-01	_		4.3E-02	4.3E-02	_	_	4.3E-02	4.3E-02	-		4.3E-02	4.3E-02		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene c	o l		-	3.8E-02	1.8E-01	1.72-01	1.72-01	3.8E-02	1.8E-01	-		3.8E-03	1.8E-02	4.50-02	4.0L-02	3.8E-03	1.8E-02			3.8E-03	1.8E-02
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	o l	••	-	4.2E+02	1.3E+03		-	4.2E+02	1.3E+03	_	-	4.2E+01	1.3E+02	_	_	4.2E+01	1.3E+02	-	-	4.2E+01	1.3E+02
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	a	_	_	3.2E+02	9.6E+02	_			9.6E+02	_	-	3.2E+01	9.6E+01	_	-	3.2E+01	9.6E+01		••	3.2E+01	9.6E+01
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	n	_	-	6.3E+01	1.9E+02		-	3.2E+02 6.3E+01	1.9E+02	_	_			_			1.9E+01	••	-		
3.3-Dichlorobenzidine ^c	n	-	-	2.1E-01	2.8E-01		-		2.8E-01		••	6.3E+00 2.1E-02	1.9E+01 2.8E-02	-	-	6.3E+00	2.8E-02		-	6.3E+00	1.9E+01
Dichlorobromomethane ^C	o	-	-	5.5E+00	1.7E+02		_	2.1E-01 5.5E+00	1.7E+02	_	_	5.5E-01	1.7E+01	-	_	2.1E-02 5.5E-01	1.7E+01		-	2.1E-02	2.8E-02 1.7E+01
1,2-Dichlorgethane ^C	0	_		3.8E+00	3.7E+02		_	3.8E+00	3.7E+02	-	_	3.8E-01	3.7E+01		-	3.8E-01	3.7E+01	••	••	5.5E-01 3.8E-01	3.7E+01
1,1-Dichloroethylene	a			3.3E+02	7.1E+03		-	3.3E+02	7.1E+03	-	-	3.3E+01	7.1E+02		-	3.3E+01	7.1E+02			3.3E+01	7.1E+02
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	n		_	1.4E+02	1.0E+04		_	1.4E+02	1.0E+04			1,4E+01	1.0E+03			1.4E+01	1.0E+03	- -	ν-	1.4E+01	1.0E+03
2,4-Dichlorophenol	n		-		2.9E+02	"	-		2.9E+02		-	7.7E+00	2.9E+01	_			2.9E+01		-		2.9E+01
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy	Ĭ	-	-	7.7E+01		"	-	7.7E+01	2.96102	_	-		2.96701	_	_	7.7E+00	2.96701		-	7.7E+00	
analis anid /2.4 DV	0			1.0E+02	4.55.00			1.0E+02	4.65.00	-	-	1.0E+01	4.55.04	-		1.0E+01	4.50.04			1.0E+01	
1,2-Dichloropropane ^C	0		-	5.0E+00	1.5E+02	-		5.0E+00	1.5E+02			5.0E-01	1.5E+01	-	••	5.0E-01	1.5E+01		-	5.0E-01	1.5E+01
1,3-Dichtoropropene ^c Dieldrin ^c	0			3.4E+00	2.1E+02			3.4E+00	2.1E+02			3.4E-01	2.1E+01			3.4E-01	2.1E+01			3.4E-01	2.1E+01
1	0	2.4E-01	5.6E-02	5.2E-04	5.4E-04	2.4E-01	5.6E-02	5.2E-04	5.4E-04	6.0E-02	1.4E-02	5.2E-05	5.4E-05	6.0E-02	1.4E-02	5.2E-05	5.4E-05	6.0E-02	1.4E-02	5.2E-05	5.4E-05
Diethyl Phthalate	0	-	-	1.7E+04	4.4E+04	-		1.7E+04	4.4E+04	-		1.7E+03	4.4E+03	-	_	1.7E+03	4.4E+03		••	1.7E+03	4.4E+03
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0	-		3.8E+02	8.5E+02	-	-	3.8E+02	8.5E+02	-	-	3.8E+01	8.5E+01	•	-	3.8E+01	8.5E+01	-		3.8E+01	8.5E+01
Dimethyl Phthalate	0		-	2.7E+05	1.1E+06	-	-	2.7E+05	1.1E+06	-	-	2.7E+04	1.1E+05	**		2.7E+04	1.1E+05		••	2.7E+04	1.1E+05
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	0		-	2.0E+03	4.5E+03	"	-	2.0E+03	4.5E+03		-	2.0E+02	4.5E+02	_	-	2.0E+02	4.5E+02	-		2.0E+02	4.5E+02
2,4 Dinitrophenal	0	-	-	6.9E+01	5.3E+03	-	-	6.9E+01	5.3E+03	-	_	6.9E+00	5.3E+02	-		6.9E+00	5.3E+02	-	-	6.9E+00	5.3E+02
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol 2,4-Dinitrotoluene ^C	0			1.3E+01	2.8E+02	-	-	1.3E+01	2.8E+02	-	-	1.3E+00	2.8E+01	-	-	1.3E+00	2.8E+01	••	••	1.3E+00	2.8E+01
UIUAII 1 2,0,1,0-	0	-		1.1E+00	3.4E+01	-	-	1.1E+00	3.4E+01	-	-	1.1E-01	3.4E+00		-	1.1E-01	3.4E+00		•	1.1E-01	3.4E+00
tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0	-	-	5.0E-08	5.1E-08	-	-	5.0E-08	5.1E-08	-	-	5.0E-09	5.1E-09	-	-	5.0E-09	5.1E-09		••	5.0E-09	5.1E-09
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine ^c	0		-	3.6E-01	2.0E+00		-	3.6E-01	2.0E+00	-	-	3.6E-02	2.0E-01	-	-	3.6E-02	2.0E-01			3.6E-02	2.0E-01
Alpha-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	5.2E+01	8.9E+01	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	6.2E+01	8.9E+01	5.5E-02	1.4E-02	6.2E+00	8.9E+00	5.5E-02	1.4E-02	6.2E+00	8.9E+00	5.5E-02	1.4E-02	6.2E+00	8.9E+00
Beta-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	6.2E+01	8.9E+01	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	6.2E+01	8.9E+01	5.5E-02	1.4E-02	6.2E+00	8.9E+00	5.5E-02	1.4E-02	6.2E+00	8.9E+00	5.5E-02	1.4E-02	6.2E+00	8.9E+00
Alpha + Beta Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	_		2.2E-01	5.6E-02	-	-	5.5E-02	1.4E-02	-		5.5E-02	1.4E-02		-	5.5E-02	1.4E-02		
Endosulfan Sulfate	a	-		6.2E+01	8.9E+01	-	-	6.2E+01	8.9E+01		-	6.2E+00	8.9E+00	-	~	6.2E+00	8.9E+00			6.2E+00	8.9E+00
Endrin	0	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	5.9E-02	6.0E-02	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	5.9E-02	6.0E-02	2.2E-02	9.0E-03	5.9E-03	6.0E-03	2.2E-02	9.0E-03	5.9E-03	6.0E-03	2.2E-02	9.0E-03	5.9E-03	6.0E-03
Endrin Aldehyde	0	-		2.9E-01	3.0E-01			2.9E-01	3.0E-01			2.9E-02	3.0E-02		-	2.9E-02	3.0E-02		••	2.9E-02	3.0E-02

Parameter	Background Water Quality Criteria				Wasteload Allocations				Antidegradation Baseline				Antidegradation Allocations				Most Limiting Allocations				
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн
Ethylbenzene	0			5.3E+02	2.1E+03			5.3E+02	2.1E+03			5.3E+01	2.1E+02			5.3E+01	2.1E+02			5.3E+01	2.1E+02
Fluoranthene	o o			1.3E+02	1.4E+02			1.3E+02	1.4E+02			1.3E+01	1.4E+01			1.3E+01	1.4E+01		-	1.3E+01	1.4E+01
Fluorene	a			1.1E+03	5,3E+03			1.1E+03	5.3E+03	_	-	1.1E+02	5.3E+02			1,1E+02	5.3E+02			1.1E+02	5.3E+02
Foaming Agents	0	_	_	5.0E+02				5.0E+02	0.02700	l <u>.</u>		5.0E+01				5.0E+01	<u></u>		<i></i>	5.0E+01	-
Guthion	o		1.0E-02				1.0E-02				2.5E-03	-			2.5E-03				2.5E-03		
Heptachlor ^C	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	7.9E-04	7.9E-04	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	7.9Ë-04	7.9E-04	1.3E-01	9.5E-04	7.9E-05	7.9E-05	1.3E-01	9.5E-04	7.9E-05	7.9E-05	1.3E-01	9.5E-04	7.9E-05	7.9E-05
Heptachlor Epoxide ^C	o			3.9E-04	3.9E-04	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	3.9E-04	3.9E-04		9.5E-04 9.5E-04	3.9E-05	3.9E-05	1.3E-01	9.5E-04	3,9E-05	3.9E-05	1.3E-01	9.5E-04	3.9E-05	3.9E-05
Hexachlorobenzene ^C	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03			5.26-01	3.02-03		2.9E-04	1.3E-01	8.0E-04			1.32-01	3.JL-04	2.8E-04	2.9E-04	1.0C-01	3.0L-04	2.8E-04	
Hexachiorobutadiene ^C	_		_	2.8E-03	2.9E-03			2.8E-03		-	_	2.BE-04	2.9E-04		_		1.8E+01		••		2.9E-04
Hexachiorocyclonexane Alpha-BHC ^c	0		-	4.4E+00	1.8E+02 4.9E-02	_	-	4.4E+00	1.8E+02 4.9E-02	-	_	4.4E-01	1.8E+01 4.9E-03		_	4.4E-01 2.6E-03	4.9E-03			4.4E-01 2.6E-03	1.8E+01 4.9E-03
Hexacniorocyclonexane Beta-BHC ^c	0	_	-	2.6E-02 9.1E-02	1.7E-01	"		2.6E-02 9.1E-02	1.7E-01	-	-	2.6E-03 9.1E-03	4.9E-03	_		9.1E-03	1.7E-02			9.1E-03	1.7E-02
nexacriiorocycionexane Gamma-BHC ^c (Lindane)	0	9.5E-01	-	9.8E-01	1.8E+00	9.5E-01	_	9.8E-01	1.8E+00	2.4E-01	_	9.8E-02	1.8E-01	2.4E-01	_	9.8E-02	1.8E-01	2.4E-01	••	9.8E-02	1.8E-01
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0			4.0E+01	1.1E+03			4.0E+01	1.1E+03		_	4.0E+00	1.1E+02			4.0E+00	1.1E+02			4.0E+00	1.1E+02
Hexachloroethane ^C	0	_	_	1.4E+01	3.3E+01	_	_	1.4E+01	3.3E+01	_	_	1.4E+00	3.3E+00			1.4E+00	3.3E+00	_		1.4E+00	3.3E+00
Hydrogen Sulfide	0	_	2.0E+00	-	J.JE.101		2.0E+00	1,401	J.JL.01		5.0E-01	-	J.JL 00	_	5.0E-01	1,42.00	J.JE, 60	- 	5.0E-01		J.JE, 00
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene ^c	ŏ	_	2.02.00	3.8E-02	1.8E-01		2.02.100	3.8E-02	1.8E-01	l _	5.0L-01	3.8E-03	1.8E-02	_	5.52-01	3.8E-03	1.8E-02		5.02-01	3.8E-03	1.8E-02
Iron	0			3.0E+02	1.02-01	_	_	3.0E+02	1.02-01	-	_	3.0E+01	1.00-02			3.0E+01	1.55-52			3.0E+01	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Isophorone ^c	0	_	-	3.5E+02	9.6E+03		_	3.5E+02	9.6E+03	-	_	3.5E+01	9.6E+02	-	_	3.5E+01	9.65+02	_		3.5E+01	9.6E+02
Kepone	0	-	0.0E+00	3.32+02	a.oc+03		0.0E+00	3.5E+02 	9.00-703	_	0.0E+00	3.32+01	8.02102	_	0.0E+00	3.5E+01	9.00,102		0.0E+00	3,52401	3,05,702
Lead	o	2.0E+01	2.3E+00	1.5E+01	_	2.0E+01	2.3E+00	1.5E+01	-	5.1E+00	5.8E-01	1.5E+00	_	5.1E+00	5.8E-01	1.5E+00	_	5.1E+00	5.8E-01	1.5E+00	
	0	2.02101		1.52+01	-				-	3.12+00		1.52700	-	J. 1E+00	2.5E-02		_		2.6E-02	1.92700	-
Malathion	0	_	1.0E-01	5.0E+01	-		1.0E-01	5.0E+01	-	_	2.5E-02	5.0E+00	-	_	2.5502	- -	-			 	-
Manganese	0	1.45,00	7 75 04		•	4.5.00	7.75.04		-	2 55 04	4.05.04		•	2.55.04	4.05.04	5.0E+00	-	3 55 04		5.0E+00	•
Mercury Methyl Bromide	_	1.4E+00	7.7E-01	470.04	4.55.02	1.4E+00	7.7E-01	4.75.04	4.55.00	3.5E-01	1.9E-01	475.00	4.55.00	3.5E-01	1.9E-01	4.75.00	4.50.00	3.5E-01	1.9E-01	4.75.00	4.55.00
Methylene Chloride ^c	0	_	_	4.7E+01	1.5E+03	-	-	4.7E+01	1.5E+03	-	-	4.7E+00	1.5E+02	_	_	4.7E+00	1.5E+02	-	-	4.7E+00	1.5E+02
'	0	-	2.05.00	4.6E+01	5.9E+03	_		4.6E+01	5.9E+03	_	7 55 00	4.6E+00	5.9E+02	_	7 55 00	4.6E+00	5.9E+02			4.6E+00	5.9E+02
Methoxychlar	0	_	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	-	-	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	-	-	7.5E-03	1.0E+01	-	-	7.5E-03	1.0E+01	-	•	7.5E-03	1.0E+01	-
Mirex	0		0.0E+00	0.45.00	4.05.00	5.05.04	0.0E+00	0.45.00	4.05.00	4.5.04	0.0E+00		4.05.00	4.5.04	0.0E+00		4.05.00	4.45.04	0.0E+00	0.45.04	4.05.00
Nickel	0	5.6E+01	6.3E+00	6.1E+02	4.6E+03	5.6E+01	6.3E+00	6.1E+02	4.6E+03	1.4E+01	1.6E+00	6.1E+01	4.6E+02	1.4E+01	1.6E+00	6.1E+01	4.6E+02	1.4E+01	1.6E+00	6.1E+01	4.6E+02
Nitrate (as N)	_	-	-	1.0E+04		-	-	1.0E+04	0.05.00	_	~	1.0E+03	~	-		1.0E+03		••		1.0E+03	
Nitrobenzene N-Nitrosodimethylamine ^c	0	_	-	1.7E+01	6.9E+02	_	-	1.7E+01	6.9E+02	-	-	1.7E+00	6.9E+01	-	-	1.7E+00	6.9E+01		-	1.7E+00	6.9E+01
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine ^C	0	_	-	6.9E-03	3.0E+01	-	-	6.9E-03	3.0E+01	_	-	6.9E-04	3.0E+00	-	_	6.9E-04	3.0E+00		-	6.9E-04	3.0E+00
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine ^c	0	_	_	3.3E+01	6.0E+01	_	~	3.3E+01	6.0E+01	_	_	3.3E+00	6.0E+00	_	-	3.3E+00	6.0E+00	 .	-	3.3E+00	6.0E+00
1	0	0.05.04	-	5.0E-02	5.1E+00			5.0E-02	5.1E+00	7.05.00	4.75.00	5.0E-03	5.1E-01	7.05.00	4.75.00	5.0E-03	5.1E-01			5.0E-03	5.1E-01
Nonylphenol	0	2.8E+01	6.6E+00		-	2.8E+01	6.6E+00	-	-	7.0E+00	1.7E+00	-	-	7.0E+00	1.7E+00	-	-	7.0E+00	1.7E+00	••	-
Parathion PCB Total ^c	0	6.5E-02	1.3E-02		-	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	_	-	1.6E-02	3.3E-03	-	-	1.6E-02	3.3E-03			1.6E-02	3.3E-03		
	0	<u>-</u>	1.4E-02	6.4E-04	6.4E-04		1.4E-02	6.4E-04	6.4E-04		3.5E-03	6.4E-05	6.4E-05	-	3.5E-03	6.4E-05	6.4E-05		3.5E-03	6.4E-05	6.4E-05
Pentachlorophenol ^C	0	7.7E-03	5.9E-03	2.7E+00	3.0E+01	7.7E-03	5.9E-03	2.7E+00	3.0E+01	1.9E-03	1.5E-03	2.7E-01	3.0E+00	1.9E-03	1.5E-03	2.7E-01	3.0E+00	1.9E-03	1.5E-03	2.7E-01	3.0E+00
Phenol	0		••	1.0E+04	8.6E+05	-	-	1.0E+04	8.6E+05	_		1.0E+03	8.6E+04	-	-	1.0E+03	8.6E+04			1.0E+03	8.6E+04
Pyrene	0	_	-	8.3E+02	4.0E+03	-	-	8.3E+02	4.0E+03	-		8.3E+01	4.0E+02	_	-	8.3E+01	4.0E+02	-	-	8.3E+01	4.0E+02
Radionuclides	0	-	-		-	"		_	-	-	-	_	-	_						••	-
(pCi/L)	0	-	-	1.5€+01	-	-	-	1.5E+01	-	_	-	1.5E+00		~		1,5E+00	-	-		1.5E+00	-
(mrem/yr)	0	-	-	4.0E+00			-	4.0E+00	-		-	4.0E-01	~	-	-	4.0E-01		-		4.0E-01	
Radium 226 + 228 (pCi/L)	0	-	-	5.0E+00	-		-	5.0E+00	-	-	-	5.0E-01	-	-	-	5.0E-01				6.0E-01	-
Uranium (ug/l)	0	-	_	3.0E+01	••		-	3.0E+01				3.0E+00			_	3.0E+00				3.0E+00	

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	ality Criteria			Wasteload Allocations			1	Antidegrada	ition Baseline	•	Aı	ntidegradation	n Allocations	,	Most Limiting Allocations			
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн
Selenium, Total Recoverable	0	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	1.7E+02	4.2E+03	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	1.7E+02	4.2E+03	5.0E+00	1.3E+00	1.7E+01	4.2E+02	5.0E+00	1.3E+00	1.7E+01	4.2E+02	5.0E+00	1.3E+00	1.7E+01	4.2E+02
Silver	0	3.2E-01	-	-	-	3.2E-01				7.9E-02		-	-	7.9E-02		-	-	7.9E-02			
Sulfate	0	-	-	2.5E+05				2.5E+05				2.5E+04	-			2.5E+04	-			2.5E+04	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ^C	0			1.7E+00	4.0E+01	~	~	1.7E+00	4.0E+01		_	1.7E-01	4.0E+00			1.7E-01	4.0E+00	-	••	1.7E-01	4.0E+00
Tetrachloroethylene ^c	0	-		6.9E+00	3,3E+01		-	6.9E+00	3.3E+01	-		6.9E-01	3.3E+00		-	6.9E-01	3.3E+00		-	6.9E-01	3.3E+00
Thallium	0	-	_	2.4E-01	4.7E-01		-	2.4E-01	4.7E-01			2.4E-02	4.7E-02			2.4E-02	4.7E-02			2.4E-02	4.7E-02
Toluene	0	-	-	5.1E+02	6.0E+03	-	-	5.1E+02	6.0E+03	_	-	5.1E+01	6.0E+02	-		5.1E+01	6.0E+02			5.1E+01	6.0E+02
Total dissolved solids	0	-	-	5.0E+05	-	-	-	5.0E+05		-	-	5.0E+04	-	-	-	5.0E+04	-			5.0E+04	
Toxaphene ^c	0	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	2.8E-03	2.8E-03	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	2.8E-03	2.8E-03	1.8E-01	5.0E-05	2.8E-04	2.8E-04	1.8E-01	5.0E-05	2.8E-04	2.8E-04	1.8E-01	5.0E-05	2.8E-04	2.8E-04
Tributyltin	0	4.6E-01	7.2E-02			4.6E-01	7.2E-02		-	1.2E-01	1.8E-02	-		1.2E-01	1.8E-02			1.2E-01	1.8E-02		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0		-	3.5E+01	7.0E+01			3.5E+01	7.0E+01			3.5E+00	7.0E+00	-		3.5€+00	7.0E+00			3.5E+00	7.0E+00
1,1,2-Trichloroethane ^C	0	-	-	5.9E+00	1.6E+02		-	5.9E+00	1.6E+02		-	5.9E-01	1.6E+01			5.9E-01	1.6E+01			5.9E-01	1.6E+01
Trichloroethylene ^C	0	-	-	2.5E+01	3.0E+02	-	-	2.5E+01	3.0E+02	-	-	2.5E+00	3.0E+01	-	-	2.5E+00	3.0E+01	-		2.5E+00	3.0E+01
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol ^C	0	-	_	1.4E+01	2.4E+01	-	_	1.4E+01	2.4E+01	-	-	1.4E+00	2.4E+00	-	-	1.4E+00	2.4E+00			1.4E+00	2.4E+00
2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)	٥			5.0E+01				5.0E+01		-		5.0E+00		-		5.0E+00	-		••	5.0E+00	
Vinyl Chloride ^c	0		-	2.5E-01	2.4E+01	-	-	2.5E-01	2.4E+01	-		2.5E-02	2.4E+00			2.5E-02	2.4E+00		-	2.5E-02	2.4E+00
Zinc	0	3.6E+01	3.6E+01	7.4E+03	2.6E+04	3.6E+01	3.6E+01	7.4E+03	2.6E+04	9.1E+00	9.1E+00	7.4E+02	2.6E+03	9.1E+00	9.1E+00	7.4E+02	2.6E+03	9.1E+00	9.1E+00	7.4E+02	2.6E+03

Notes:

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
- 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
- 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- Regular WLAs are mass balances (minus background concentration) using the % of stream flow entered above under Mixing Information.
 Antidegradation WLAs are based upon a complete mix.
- 6. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic
 - = (0.1(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for human health
- 7. WLAs established at the following stream flows: 1Q10 for Acute, 30Q10 for Chronic Ammonia, 7Q10 for Other Chronic, 30Q5 for Non-carcinogens and Harmonic Mean for Carcinogens. To apply mixing ratios from a model set the stream flow equal to (mixing ratio 1), effluent flow equal to 1 and 100% mix.

Metal	Target Value (SSTV)
Antimony	5.6E-01
Arsenic	1.0E+00
Barium	2.0E+02
Cadmium	5.7E-02
Chromium III	3.6E+00
Chromium VI	1.6E+00
Copper	3.6E-01
Iron	3.0E+01
Lead	3.5E-01
Manganese	5.0E+00
Mercury	1.2E-01
Nickel	9.4E-01
Selenium	7.5E-01
Silver	3.2E-02
Zinc	3.6E+00

Note: do not use QL's lower than the minimum QL's provided in agency guidance

```
Facility = Abel Lake WTP (VA0057487)
Chemical = Chlorine
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 0.00475
WLAc =
Q.L. = 0.1
# samples/mo. = 28
# samples/wk. = 7
```

Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 1

Expected Value = .2

Variance = .0144

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = .486683

97th percentile 4 day average = .332758

97th percentile 30 day average = .241210

# < Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
```

A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 0.00475
Average Weekly limit = 2.90085923207213E-03
Average Monthly LImit = 2.36831754613468E-03

The data are:

0.2

1/8/2014 7:56:04 AM

Facility = Abel Lake WTP
Chemical = Nickel
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 14
WLAc = 1.6
Q.L. = 0.5
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1
Expected Value = 2.72
Variance = 2.66342
C.V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 6.61889
97th percentile 4 day average = 4.52550
97th percentile 30 day average = 3.28046
< Q.L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 2.34011965448517
Average Weekly limit = 2.34011965448517
Average Monthly Llmit = 2.34011965448517

The data are:

2.72

1/8/2014 7:43:57 AM

Facility = Abel Lake WTP
Chemical = Copper
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 0.91
WLAc = 0.68
Q.L. = 0.5
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1
Expected Value = 5.11
Variance = 9.40035
C.V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 12.4347
97th percentile 4 day average = 8.50196
97th percentile 30 day average = 6.16293
< Q.L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 0.91
Average Weekly limit = 0.91
Average Monthly Llmit = 0.91

The data are:

5.11

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Northern Regional Office

13901 Crown Court

Woodbridge, VA 22193

(703) 583-3800

SUBJECT:

TOXICS MANAGEMENT PROGRAM (TMP) DATA REVIEW

Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant (VA0057487)

REVIEWER:

Douglas Frasier

DATE:

30 December 2013

PREVIOUS REVIEW:

12 October 2012

DATA REVIEWED:

This review covers acute and chronic toxicity tests conducted in September 2013 at Outfall 001.

DISCUSSION:

The results of the acute and chronic toxicity test along with the results of all previous toxicity tests conducted since 1992 on effluent samples collected from Outfall 001 are summarized in Table 1.

The acute toxicity of the effluent samples was determined with the 48-hour static acute toxicity test using *C. dubia* as the test species. The chronic toxicity of the effluent samples was determined with the 7-day larval survival and growth chronic toxicity test using *P. promelas* as the test species.

The acute toxicity test yielded a LC₅₀ of 100% effluent; thus, passing the acute toxicity criterion. Chronic toxicity test yielded a No Observed Effect Concentration (NOEC) of 100%; passing the chronic toxicity criteria.

CONCLUSION:

The chronic and acute toxicity tests are valid and the results are acceptable. The test results indicate that the effluent samples from Outfall 001 exhibit no acute and chronic toxicity to the test species C. dubia or P. promelas, respectively.

BIOMONITORING RESULTS Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant (VA0057487)

and the first around the trains (12100)

Table 1 Summary of Toxicity Test Results for Outfall 001

TEST DATE	TEST TYPE/ORGANISM	48-hr LC ₅₀ (%)	IC ₂₅ (%)	NOEC (%)	SURV (%)	TU,	TUc	REMARKS
11/03/92	Acute C. dubia	>100		<u> </u>	100			1st quarterly
11/03/92	Acute P. promelas	>100			100			
10/29/92	Chronic C. dubia			100 SR	90			
10/29/92	Chronic P. promelas			100 SG	68			
01/20/93	Acute C. dubia	44			0			2nd quarterly
01/20/93	Acute P. promelas	68			0	 		
01/18/93	Chronic C. dubia			INV				
01/18/93	Chronic P. promelas	-		INV		 		
02/03/93	Acute C. dubia	37			0	 		
02/03/93	Acute P. promelas	71			0	t		
02/02/93	Chronic C. dubia			50 SR	0	 	 -	
02/01/93	Chronic P. promelas			50 SG	0			
04/28/93	Acute C. dubia	>100			95			3rd quarterly
04/28/93	Acute P. promelas	>100			100			J. W Marrierly
04/26/93	Chronic C. dubia			100 SR	100		 	
04/26/93	Chronic P. promelas			100 SG	100	 		
06/07/93	Acute C. dubia	>100		0000	100	 		4th quarterly
06/07/93	Acute P. promelas	>100			100	 		-ui quarterly
06/09/93	Acute C. dubia	>100			100			
06/09/93	Acute P. promelas	>100		 	100			
06/17/93	Acute C. dubia	>100			100			
06/17/93	Acute P. promelas	>100			100		_	
07/22/93	Acute C. dubia	>100			100			
07/22/93	Acute P. promelas	>100			100		-	
07/19/93	Chronic C. dubia	100		100 SR	100			
07/19/93	Chronic P. promelas			100 SG	98			
10/21/93	Acute C. dubia	>100		100 30	100			1 at a
10/19/93	Chronic C. dubia	- 100		100 SR	100	<u> </u>		1st annual
08/25/94	Acute C. dubia	>100		100 310	100	-		2nd annual
08/23/94	Chronic C. dubia			100 SR	90			2nd annual
10/17/95	Acute C. dubia	>100		100 510	85	 	-	3rd annual
10/12/95	Chronic P. promelas			100 SG	98			THE GIRTHAN
10/31/96	Acute C. dubia	>100		100 50	65			4th annual
10/29/96	Chronic P. promelas			12.5 G	92	-		TOI GIBIUGI
10/22/97	Acute C. dubia	73.5			10			5th annual
10/20/97	Chronic P. promelas			51 SG	60			251 Milliodi
	i	Permit reissue	d Decemi	ber 17. 1997				
4/8/98	Acute C. dubia	>100		,	100			1st amual
4/6/98	Chronic P. promelas			100 SG	100			15t aminal
4/14/99	Acute C. dubia	>100		155 50	100			2nd annual
4/12/99	Chronic P. promelas			i			•	~114 4431444

		T	Т	T	T		T	T
TEST DATE	TEST TYPE/ORGANISM	48-hr LC ₅₀ (%)	IC ₂₅ (%)	NOEC (%)	SURV (%)	TU,	TUc	REMARKS 🚊
3/15/00	Acute C. dubia	>100	>100		100			3rd annual
3/13/00	Chronic P. promelas			100 SG	90			
3/14/01	Acute C. dubia	>100			95		-	4th annual
3/12/01	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	97.5			
3/13/02	Acute C. dubia	>100			100			5th annual
3/11/02	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	00	 -	1	
		Permit R	eissued Ja	nuary 7, 20	903	!	<u></u>	<u> </u>
3/19/03	Acute C. dubia	>100	<u> </u>		100	<1	T	1st annual
3/17/03	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	87.5	<u> </u>	1	130 1001001
*6/09/04	Acute C. dubia	>100	<u> </u>		100	<1	 	2nd annual
*6/07/04	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	92.5	\ <u>`</u>	1	Zild amidal
*6/15/05	Acute C. dubia	>100			100	<1	 -	3rd annual
*6/13/05	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	90	`'-	1	ord angual
3/22/06	Acute C. dubia	>100	<u> </u>		90	<1		
3/20/06	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	90		1	<u> </u>
5/23/07	Acute C. dubia	73.8				1.36		,
5/21/07	Chronic P. promelas	72.4	62.5	50 SG			2	·
6/14/07	Acute C. dubia	>100				<1		
6/11/07	Chronic P. promelas	100	>100	100 SG		ļ	1	
		Permit R	eissued 1	March 20	08	<u></u>	L	
6/10/09	Acute C. dubia	> 100	<u> </u>	·	100	<1		
	Chronic P. promelas	> 100	> 100	100 SG	92.5		1	l st annual
	Acute C. dubia	> 100			100	< 1	-	<u> </u>
9/20/10	Chronic P. promelas	> 100	> 100	100 SG	95	<u> </u>	1	2 nd annual
	Acute C. dubia	39.7			0	2.52		
	Chronic P. promelas	70.7	60.1	50 SG	001		2	3 rd annual
	Acute C. dubia	>100		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100	<1		D
	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	100		1	Retest
	Acute C. dubia	>100			100	<1		4 th annual
	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	100)	4 annuar
	Acute C. dubia	>100			100	<1		Extra test
09/17/13	Chronic P. promelas	>100	>100	100 SG	100		1	CAU a 1621

ABBREVIATIONS:
S - Survival; R - Reproduction; G - Growth
% SURV - Percent survival in 100% effluent
INV - Invalid

To: D. trasier



Board of Supervisors

Susan B. Stimpson, Chairman Robert "Bob" Thomas, Jr., Vice Chairman Jack R. Cavalier Paul V. Milde, HI Ty A. Schieber Gary F. Snellings

Anthony J. Romanello, ICMA-CM County Administrator

NORTHERN

NOV 18 2013

REGIONAL OFFICE

Cord A. Sterling

November 15, 2013

Compliance Auditor
Department of Environmental Quality
Northern Regional Office
13901 Crown Court
Woodbridge, Virginia 22193

SUBJECT: Abel Lake Water Treatment Facility

Annual Toxicity Analyses Report 2013

Dear Ms. Biller:

Enclosed are two (2) copies each, of the annual biological toxicity monitoring for the Abel Lake Water Treatment Facility, Outfall 001 as defined in permit # 0057487.

If you need additional information, please contact Matt Sauter, Plant Manager, at (540) 658-5112.

Sincerely,

Janet L Spencer Deputy Director

Stafford County Utilities

JLS:mls Enclosures



James R. Reed & Associates

Environmental Testing

770 Pilot House Drive • Newport News, Virginia 23606 (757) 873-4703 • Fax 873-1498

Memorandum

Date: October 7, 2013

To: Matt Sauter, Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant

From: Lei Dong, James R. Reed & Associates

Subject: Outfall 001



Attached please find the bioassay report for outfall 001. The results passed the requirement of your permit for:

Chronic P.promelas Toxicity Test

NOEC=100% effluent (TUc=1)

Acute C.dubia Toxicity Test

LC50>100% effluent (TUa<1)

If you have any questions and comments, please call me.



October 7, 2013

Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant Sample ID: Outfall 001 NPDES#: VA0057487 JRA ID: 13-14329

Performed for:

Matt Sauter
Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant
P.O. Box 339
Stafford, VA 22554

Performed by:

James R. Reed & Associates 770 Pilot House Drive Newport News, VA 23606

Respectfully,

Elaine Claiborne
Laboratory Director

Reproduction of this report is not permitted, except in full, without written approval from James R. Reed & Associates.

The results of this report relate only to the sample(s) provided for analysis.

VELAP# 460013

Results conform to NELAC standards, where applicable, unless otherwise indicated.

EPA# VA00015



TEST SUMMARY SHEET (For Marine and Freshwater Tests) Test Method: EPA 1000.8

Facility:	Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant				NPDES P	ermit #:	VA0057487
Outfall/Re	tfall/Receiving Stream: Outfall 001			01		_JRA #:	13-14329
Test Period for Which Data is Being Submitted: (i.e., first quarter, semiannual, or annual)				Annual te	st		
		S	UMMARY	OF TEST	CONDITIO	ONS	
	Test Start	:		Date 9/17/2013	_	Time 0900	
	Test End;			9/24/2013	-	1000	_
	Test Type	(chronic/act	ıte):	Chronic		_	
	Test Orga	nism:	Pimephal	es promelas		_Age:	24-48 hours
	Test Chan	nber Size:	500 mL		_		
	Volume o	f Test Solution	on per Cham	ıber:	250 mL	·	
	Diluent:	20% DMV	ν		_	·	
	Test Chan Test Photo Feeding R Artemia B	tegime: Batch #:	n Period NGE OF C	0.15mL less that BS15938	nt / 8 hrs dan n 24-h old brine PARAME	shrimp nauplii t	
	Paramete	er		Effluent			Diluent
	1. Chlorit	ne (mg/L) Initial		<0.02		-	<0.02
		Adjusted		N/A			
	2. <u>Salinit</u>	y (ppt) Initial		<1			N/A
		Adjusted		N/A			
	3. <u>pH</u>	Initial Adjusted		6.78-7.42 N/A	<u> </u>	•	7.47-8.28

ABELLAKE

Page 2

JRA #: 13-14329 Test Type&Organism: Chronic Pimephales promelas

RANGE OF CHEMICAL PARAMETERS (Continued):

Parameter	Effluent	Diluent
4. Alkalinity (mg/L as CaCO	(3) 12-14	61-64
5. Ammonia (mg/L)	N/A	N/A
6. Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃	36-47	80-83
7. Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	185-198	171-176
8. <u>DO (mg/L)</u>	5.2-8.3	5.7-8.2
9. Methods Used for Adjustm	nent of Test Solutions	
Chlorine N/A Salinity N/A pH N/A		
	TEST RESULTS	
1. Test Acceptability		
Control Survival (%)	100%
Average Weight p	er Control Organism (mg)	0.962
Average Number	of Young per Control (C. dubia)	N/A
60% of Control Fe	emales (C. dubia) with 3 Broods?	N/A
Total Number of M Known Parentage?	Male C. dubia in the Test N/A	N/A
Percent Females P	roducing Eggs (M. bahia)	N/A
2. Method(s) of Statistical Ana	alyses	
Survival: Growth: 1C25 LC50(@48 hours)	Steel's Many-One Rank Test Dunnett's Test Linear Interpolation Visual observation	

TEST RESULTS (Continued)

3. Statistical Results (as appropriate)

÷	LC50 (@ TUa IC25	48 hours)			<u>>100%</u> <u><1</u>	-	
	Survival	Normal	Distribution	(NOEC)	>100% 100% yes	(LOEC)	>100%
		Homoge	neous Variar	nce (yes/no)	n/a	- -	
	Growth or	Reproduc		(NOEC)	100%	(LOEC)	>100%
		Normal	Distribution ((yes/no)	yes	_, -,	
	TT 1.	Homoge	neous Varian	ice (yes/no)	yes	_	
	TUc PMSD				1	-	
	Reference	Toxicant T	ect Date		5.56%	<u>.</u>	
	1101010100	ID No.	CSI Date		9/17/2013 T00302	-	
		Result (n	ng/L)		0.02	•	
		QC Rang	• ,		0.01	thru	0.04
				•		, unu	V.UT
4. Equipme	<u>ent</u>	(Make	Model	**************************************	Serial #		Probe #)
pH meter		VWR	SB21		00005173		F2
DO meter		YSI	5000		97JO177	·	N
SCT meter		Orion	3 star		000642		Al
Temperature	2	VWR	digi-thermo)	130199043		N/A
Chlorine		НАСН	Colorimete	r TM II	00000994		N/A
5. Protocol	Deviations/	Comments					
-							
-	_			·			
-							
	·						
-							

EFFLUENT USE SHEET (CHRONIC RENEWALS)

Facility: Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant			VPDES Permit #; VA0057487			
Outfail/Red	ceiving Stream:	Outfall 001	JRA #:	13-14329		

Test/Organism: Chros

Chronic Pimephales promelas

SAM	PLE COLLE	CTION				
Date(s)	Time	(s)	S	AMPLE U	JSE
From:	To:	From:	To:		Time(s)	Test Day
9/15/2013	9/16/2013	0800	0600	9/17/2013		0
				9/18/2013	0930	1
9/17/2013	9/18/2013	0800	0600	9/19/2013	1015	2
	ļ			9/20/2013	0930	3
9/19/2013	9/20/2013	0800	0600	9/21/2013	0945	4
				9/22/2013	0930	5
				9/23/2013	0930	6

The first use of a sample must be within 36-hours of retrieval from the sample collection device. Last use of sample must be within 72 hoursof first use.

ABELLAKE

TEST SUMMARY SHEET (For Marine and Freshwater Tests) Test Method: EPA 2002.0

Facility:	Abel Lake Water Trea	tment Plant	NPDES Per	mit #:	VA0057487
Outfall/Rec	eiving Stream:	Outfall 001	J	IRA #:	3-14329
Test Period (î.e., first qu	for Which Data is Beir parter, semiannual, or a	ng Submitted: nnual)	Annual test		
	S		EST CONDITION	NS .	
	Test Start:	Date <u>9/18</u>		ime 230	
	Test End:	9/20	<u>//2013</u> <u>1</u>	140	
	Test Type (chronic/acu	te): <u>Acu</u>	te		
	Test Organism:	Ceriodaphnia d	ubia A	.ge: <	24 hours
	Test Chamber Size:	30 mL			
	Volume of Test Solution	n per Chamber:	20 mL		
	Diluent: 20% DMW	7			
	Test Chamber aeration Test Photoperiod:	7,011	s light / 8 hrs dark(5	50-100 ft-c)	
]	RAN Parameter	GE OF CHEMI	CAL PARAMETE	RS	
i	. Chlorine (mg/L)	Efflu	ent	Di	luent
	Initial	<0.02	<u> </u>	<0	.02
	Adjust ed	N/A		·	
2	. <u>Salinity (ppt)</u> Initial Adjusted	<1 N/A		<u>N/</u>	4
3	. <u>pH</u>	·			
	Initial Adjusted	7.09-7 N/A	.57	8.2	1-8.26
		ABELLA	KE		Page 6

13-14329

Test Type&Organism: Acute Ceriodaphnia dubia

RANGE OF CHEMICAL PARAMETERS (Continued):

	() 3 1 1 1 1	
Parameter	Effluent	Diluent
4. Alkalinity (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	14	61
5. Ammonia (mg/L)	N/A	N/A
6. Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	36	80
7. Conductivity (umhos/cm)	195-197	174-177
8. <u>DO (mg/L)</u>	8.0-8.3	8.0-8.3
9. Methods Used for Adjustment of	of Test Solutions	
Chlorine N/A		·
Salinity N/A		
pH N/A		
TH	EST RESULTS	
1. Test Acceptability		,
Control Survival (%)	•	100%
Average Weight per Co	ontrol Organism (mg)	N/A
Average Number of Yo	ung per Control (C. dubia)	N/A
60% of Control Female	s (C. dubia) with 3 Broods?	N/A
Total Number of Male (Known Parentage?	C. dubia in the Test N/A	N/A
Percent Females Produc	ing Eggs (M. bahia)	N/A
2. Method(s) of Statistical Analyses		
Survival: Growth/Reproduction:	Visual observation N/A	

TEST RESULTS (Continued)

3. Statistical Results (as appropriate)

LC50			>100%		
			TUa<1		
Survival		(NOEC)	N/A	(LOEC)	· N/A
	Normal I	Distribution (yes/no)	N/A	•	
	Homoger	neous Variance (yes/no)	N/A	-	
				_	
Growth or	Reproducti		N/A	(LOEC)	N/A
		Distribution (yes/no)	N/A	•	
	Homoger	neous Variance (yes/no)	N/A	-	
				-	
Reference		est Date	9/5/2013	_	
	ID No.		T00300		
	Result (m		0.06	-	
	QC Rang	e (mg/L)	0.05	thru	0.08
4. Equipment	(Make	Model	Serial #		Probe #)
pH meter	VWR	SB21	00005173	<u> </u>	F2
DO meter	YSI	5000	97JO177	ir t =	N
SCT meter	Orion	3 Star	000642		A1
Temperature	VWR	digi-thermo	130199043		N/A
Chlorine	НАСН	Colorimeter TM II	00000994		N/A
5. Protocol Deviations/	Comment			-	
2. A TOROGOT DEVIATIONS	Comments				
<u>-,</u>			·		
				 -	
······································			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		- <u> </u>			

CUMULATIVE DATA SUMMARY

Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant

NPDES: VA0057487

Outfall 001

Date of	Vertebrate	Invertebrate	Vertebrate	Invertebrate
Test	LCS0 %	LC50%	NOEC %	NOEC %
10/29/1992			100	100
11/03/92	>100	>100		
01/20/93	68	44	INVALID	INVALID
02/01/93			50	
02/02/93				50
02/03/93	71	37		
04/26/93			100	100
04/28/93	>100	>100		
06/07/93	>100	>100		
06/09/93	>100	>100		
06/17/93	>100	>100		
07/19/93			100	100
07/22/93	>100	>100		
10/19/93				100
10/21/93		>100		
08/23/94				100
08/25/94		>100		
10/12/95			100	
10/17/95		>100		
10/29/1996			12.5	
10/31/1996		>100		
10/97			51	
10/97		73.5		
4/6/98			100	
4/8 /98		>100		
4/12/1999			100	
4/14/99		>100		
3/13/00			100	
3/15/00		>100		
3/12/01			100	
3/14/01		>100		
3/11/02			100	
3/13/02		>100		
3/17/2003			100	
3/19/03		>100		

ABELLAKE

Page 9

CUMPLATIVE DATA SUMMARY

Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant

NPDES: VA0057487

Outfall 001

Date of	Vertebrate	Invertebrat	е	Vertebrate	- A	Invertebrate
Test	LC50 %	LC50 %		NOEC %		NOEC %
6/7/2004				100	TUc=1	
6/9/2004		>100	TUa<1			
6/13/2005				100	TUc=1	
6/15/2005		>100	TUa<1			
3/20/2006				100	TUc=1	
3/22/2006		>100	TUa<1			
5/21/2007				50	TUc=2	
5/23/2007		73.8	TUa=1.36			
6/11/2007				100*	TUc=1	
6/14/2007		>100%*	TUa<1			
4/7/2008			-	100	TUc=1	
4/9/2008		85.2%	TUa=1.17			
4/28/2008		>100%*	TUa<1			
6/8/2009				100	TUc=1	
6/10/2009		>100	TUa<1			
9/20/2010				100	TUc=1	
9/22/2010		>100	TUa<1			
12/13/2011				50	TUc=2	
12/15/2011		39.7%	TUa=2.52			
1/10/2012				100	TUc=1	
1/11/2012		>100	TUa<1			
9/24/2012				100	TUc=1	
9/26/2012		>100	TUa<1			
9/17/2013				100	TUc=1	
9/18/2013		>100	TUa<1			

* repeat test



OBSERVATIONS

NPDES#: VA0057487 CLIENT: Stafford-Abel Lake

OUTFALL:_____001

1/15113 🛭

ORGANISM SOURCE: Chesapeake Cultures JRA BATCH #: PARK HATCH DATE: 1430 -1530

			עטא	DER SURVIV	DIG/DAY	· "· [1]		HOHD	ALE: 147
CONC	REP	DAY 0	DAY 1	DAY2	DAY3	DAY 4	DAYS	DAY 6	DAY 7
		10	10	iO	10	10	10	10	10
Control	В	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	С	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
X ary LOO %	D	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	A	10	·iO	10	10	1.0	10	10	10
6,23%	В	10	io	10	10	10	10	10	10
_	C	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
X 50V 100 %	D	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	^_	10	10	10	10	10	in	10	10
12.5%	. В	10	10	(0	10	10	10	10	10
100	С	10 .	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
% 001 væ x	מ	10	10	10	10	1.0	10	10	10
,	^_	30	10	10	10	10	10	iO	io
25%	В	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
- 100	c	10	ال	(0	10	10	10	10	10
X sur 100 %	ם	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	<u> </u>	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
मा मीति	B	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
x av 100 x	С	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Xav_100%	D .	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
100%	A	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
· · ·		10		10	10	10	10	10	10
X 200 100 %	Đ	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
DATE	2013		0.10	10	10	10	i D	טו	10
TIME	4413	9/17	4118	9/19	9120	9/21	9/22		4124
INIT		0900 LD	0430	1014	6430	945	930		1050
H733		<u> </u>	icu	10	jan	[h	Cu	100	en

~ -

Chronic P.promelas Survival and Growth Test

Chronic P.promelas Survival at NPDS# CLIENT: Staffor

CLIENT: Stafford-Able Lake GROWTH DATA OUTFALL# 001

JRA: <u>13-14329</u>

VA0057487 REP FOIL# FOIL WT&ORG WT(mg) WT OF ORGS(mg) #ORGS MEAN CONC. FOIL WT(mg) 1.000 4.349 14.350 10.001 10 1H 0.959 5.591 15.176 9.585 10 В 2H 13.935 8.935 10 0.894 Ave. wt of surviving C ЗН 5.000 Control 9.952 0.962 5.318 10 0.995 Control: (mg) 4H 15.270 0.962 ave. wt : 0.930 5H 4.261 13.564 9.303 10 В 6H 4 987 14.480 9.493 10 0.949 13,263 9.120 10 0.912 6.25% C 7H 4.143 13.648 8.963 10 0.896 4.685 8H 0.922 ave. wt: 4.830 14.022 9.192 10 0.919 9Н 4.721 13.912 9.191 В 10H 10 0.919 4.715 12.5% C 11H 14.300 9.585 10 0.959 4.739 14,120 12H 9.381 10 0.938 D ave. wt: 0.934 13H 4.292 13.693 9,401 10 0.940 9.038 10 0.904 В 14H 4.642 13.680 25% C 15H 5.178 14:339 9.161 10 0.916 16H 4.731 13.731 0.900 9.000 10 0.915 ave, wt; 4.836 13.942 17H 9.106 10 0.911 В 18H 4.981 14.422 9.441 0.944 10 71% C 19H 5.090 13.967 8.877 0.888 10 20H 5.050 14.438 9.388 10 0.939 ave. wt: 0,920 21H 4.421 14.014 9.593 10 0.959 100% B 22H 5.384 15.550 10.166 10 1.017 23H 4.733 14.665 9.932 10 0.993 D 24H 5.450 15.989 10.539 10 1.054 ave. wt: 1.006 9/19/2013 Date 9/25/2013 Intials LD KН

Date/Time in Oven: 9/24/13@1205	AnalystKH	Oven Temp ⁰ C104
Date/Time out of Oven: 9/25/13@0800	AnalystKH	Oven Temp ^o C104



Chronic Pimephales promelas Larval Survival and Growth Test

th Test IRA# 13-14329
GENERAL COMMENTS

MODECH.	T987200412	CT TENTS.	Stafford-Able Lake	OUTTEALE.	MAT
NYDES#:	VAUUD/48/	CLUEN :	Stantoru-Able Lake	OUIFALL:	UUI

FEEDINGS	DAY 0	DAY I	DAY 2	DAY3	DAY4	DAY5	DAY 6
DATE/TIME		19181136	0905	9/201138	740	740	745
Initials		les	49	lè-	L 1	1cm	ν-
Dailey Time	911113	1350	9/19/13 (1215	9/21/13@	91221138	9/23/130
INITIALS	دع	K.	16-	1	len	Ku-	is

	TREAT	MENT PREPARA	ATTONS CALC	ULATIONS			Verification of:	Verified by:	ANALYST SIGNATURES	DITTALS
Couc. (%)mg/L) (cattle one)	Total Volume (mL)	Stock Cons. (%)mg/L)	Amount Stock (mL)	Amount Divent (mL)	Had (mg/L)	ALK (mg/L)	Treatment Preparation Calculations	25	<u>L</u> B	Ka,
Control	1000	DIFA-100F/k	0	1000	&83	61-64	Number of Organisms	47		
6.25%	1000	100%	62.5	937.5			Statistical Analyses	Δŋ.		
12.5%	1000	100%	125	875			Statistical Analyses	- >	ie I	
25%	1000	100%	250	750					Kerh	
50% 71%	1000	100%	-500 nm	300 7	2		,			
100%	1000	100%	1000	0	36-47	1274				
Stock Solution					,					

TEST CHAMBER SIZE: 500ml	TYPE:	Polystyrene	VOLUME OF TEST SOLUTION: 230mL
COMMENTS:			
	<u> </u>		
 			
			
	(-	
	* .		





PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DATA

NPDFS#-VA0057487 CLIENT: Stafford-Able Lake OUTFALL: OUTFALL: 001

IPDES#:VAU	131407 C					DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY 7
CONC: Control		DAYO	DAYI	DAY 2	DAY3	DATE	יאט	DATE	
TEMP (°C)	NEM	24.8	23.0	24.8	25.1	25.3	25.2	25.0	NA
	END	N/A.	24.9	34.8	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.8	24,8
þH	NEW	8.28	8.24	8.20	8.26	8.17	8.25	8.24	N/A
	END	ΝVA	759	7.5.7	7.61	7.47	7.68	7.60	7.64
DO (mg/L)	NEW	8.1	8.0	2.1	8.0	8.2	8.2	8.2	N/A
	END	N/A	6.0	72	6.7	6.5	6.9	6.3	6.7
COND (umbos/cm)		171	174	173	172	176	:7t	175	NA
DATE		9117113	9/18/13	9/19/13	9/25/13	4/2113	9127/13	5/23/13	9/24/11
INITIALS		100	Ku	4.1)	16-	Ku	Ku	14-	in

CONC: 6.25%	·	DAY 0	DAY I	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY7
TEMP (°C)	NEW	24.3	243	724	24.	25.0	25.1	25.0	N/A
	END	N/A	249	248	24.9	249	24.9	24.8	248
pH	NEW	8.24	8.21	848	8.25	9.19	8.25	8.26	≫A.
	END	NA	7.51	7.58	7.62	7,42	7.59	7.43	7.52
DÓ (æg/L)	NEW	8.2	8.1	7-8	8.1	8.2	8.0	8.3	N/A
	END	N/A	5.6	5.9	F.8	6.2	6.5	5.1	6.2
COND (umbo	x/œ)	177	174	173	171	177	,77	ידי	N/A

CONC: 12.5%		DAY 0	DAYI	DAY2	DAY 3	DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY 7
TEMP (°C)	NEW	24.5	24.7	25-3	243	25.3	25.2	25.1	N/A
	END	NA	24.9	248	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.8	24.8
рĦ	NEW	8.24	8.21	8-18	8.24	8.17	8.26	8.25	NA
	END	N/A	7.57	7.53	7.58	7.47	7.47	7.40	7 55
DO (mg/L)	NEW	8.1	8.0	18.1	8-2	8.2	8.0	8.3	AVA
	END	N/A	6-1	5-7	6.8	5.8	6.3	5.1	6.4
COND (jumbo	COND (umbos/cm)		175	174	172	178	178	j 18	N/A

(Indicate comments with an * and document on General Comments page)





PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DATA

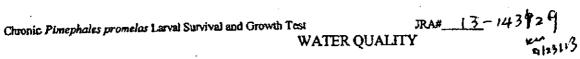
NPDES#: VA0057487 CLIENT: Stafford-Abel L	ake OUTFALL:	_001
---	--------------	------

CONC: 25%		DAYO	DAYI	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAÝ4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY 7
TEMP (°C)	NEW	24.7	24.9	25.3	کل ز 5	25.1	25.3	25.1	NJA
. ,	END	NA	24.9	148	24.9	74.4	24.4	24.8	24.8
pH	XEW	8.17	8.18	8-11	8.21	8.13	3.20	8.20	N/A
	and	N/A	7.47			1.37	7.40	7.35	7.47
DO (mg/L)	NEW	8.1	7.9	80	8.2	8.3	8.0	8.2	N/A
\ 	END	N/A	2.8	5.7	6.7	55	5.7	5	6.2
COND (umbo	ns/cup)	174	176	177	175	,79	179	179	N/A
DATE	DATE		9/18/13	9/19/12	9/20/13	9/21/13	9/22/13	9/23/12	9/2411
INITIAL	INITIALS		En	′ س	jan	<u>ا</u> دـــ	in	104	C

<u> </u>	4.4								
CONC:587 71 %	37111	DAY 0	DAY I	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY4	DAY \$	DAY 6	DAY?
TEMP (°C)	NEW	24.6	24.9	24.7	24.8	25.4	75.3	25.2	N/A
	END	N/A	24.9	248	<u> 24.9</u>	24.9	24.9	24.8	24.8
Hq	NEW	7.74	7.87	7.73	7.88	7.75	17.89	7.85	N/A
	END	NA	7.16	7.24	7.32	7.09	7.22	7.26	7.19
DO (mg/L)	NEW	8.2	8.0	3-1	8.2	8.2	8.0	8.3	AVK
	END	N/A	6-1	2.9	6.g	5.1	5.6	5.8	6.3
COND (umbos/co	COND (umbes/cm)		180	186	187	183	183	183	NVA

CONC: 100%		DAYB	DAY I	DAY 2	DAY3	DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY 7
TEMP (°C)	NEW	24.6	24.7	3.26	25.1	<i>1</i> 3.3	21jî.]	252	NIA
	ÉND	NA	24.9	248	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.8	24.8
Pί	NEW	1.09	7.17	7.19	7.42	7.08	7.31	7.20	N∕A
	END	NVA	6.91	6.80	6.92	6.81	6.83	6.90	6.78
DO (202/L)	NEW	8.3	g. 1	3-3	8, !	8.3	8.1	8.3	N/A
	END	NA	6.3	\$2.2	\$ 6.5	5-2	6.2	2-8	6.2
COMD (probo	o/cm)	185	185	198	197	188	187	188	N/A

(Indicate comments with an * and document on General Comments page)



NPDES#: VA0057487 CLIENT: Stafford-Able Lake OUTFALL: 001

				<u> </u>	Sample	(PRIOR TO	RENEWALS)					
DATE	DAY	COLLECTION DATE/TIME	ARRIVAL DATE	TEMP (°C)	INIT Ha	FINAL pH (6-9)	DO (mg/L)	FINAL DO (mg/L)	(panipos)	DVIT TRC (mg/L)	FINAL TRC (mg/L)	HARD (mg/L)	ALK (mg/L)
4117/13	0	9 115 17 11 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		24.6	6.48	7.09	7.0 ن	8.3	185	∠ε.δ		47	14
9118/13	- 1	14 .	F-1		6.54		11.5	8.1	185	<0.02		47	14
9/19/13	2	9/17/13 0300	9/18/13	256	6.66	7.19	11.2	8.3	198	10-82		26	14
9/20113	3	7,	11	25.1	6.71	742	11.7	8.1	197	<0.02	_	36	14
312113	4	9/19/12/080	9/20/13	25.3	140	7.08	11.3	8.3	188	60.02		44	17
9/22/13	5	1	k 1	25.1	6.44		11.5	8.1	187	<0.02		44	12-
7/23/13	6	11	11	25.2	6.46	7.20	12.0	8.3	188	C0.02	-	44	12

DO Adjustments	Date Method Minutes	9/17/13 9/18/13 9/19/13 9/20/20/13 9/20/13 9/20/13 9/20/13 9/20/13 9/20/13 9/20/13 9/20/13 9/2
pH Adjustments	Date Method Amount	
TRC Adjustments	Date Method Amount	

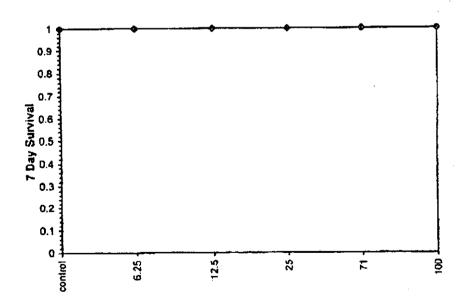
		DITTENI (Seed)	wood Bland SFW	Other) CIR	CLEONE		
DATE	DAY	DATE MADE	TEMP (°C)	pH	DO (mg/L)	COND (jumbos)	TRC (@g/L)	HARD (mg/L)	ALK (mg/L)
9/17/13	0	9/14/13	24-8	8-28	8.	171	Co.e2	83	64
9118 113	1	91,5113	25.0	8.24	8.0	174	< 0.02	80	41
9119113	2	9/16/13	24.8	8-10	8.1	173	50.02	82	62
9120113	3	9/16/13	25.1	8.26	8.0	172	20.07	8ጉ	62
9/21/13	4	91,71,3	25.3	8.17	8.2	176	<0.0 ≥	83_	64
9 12213	5	9119113	25.2	8.25	8.2	176	<6.62	82	63
9/23/13	6	9/19/13	25.0	8.24	812	175	<0.02	82	63

Larval Fish Growth and Survival Test-7 Day Survival VA0057487 Sample ID: Test ID: 13-14329 9/17/2013 Start Date: **EFF1-POTW** Sample Type: Lab ID: JRR 9/24/2013 End Date: PP-Pimephales promelas Protocol: EPA-821-R-02-013 Test Species: Sample Date: Comments: 3 4 Conc-% 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 control 1.0000 1.0000 6.25 1,0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 12.5 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 25 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 71 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 100

			۲ra	nsform:	Arcsin Sc	uare Roof		Rank	1-Tailed	
Conc-%	Mean	N-Mean	Mean	Min	Max	CV%	N	Sum	Critical	
control	1.0000	1.0000	1,4120	1.4120	1.4120	0.000	4	-		
6.25	1.0000		1.4120	1.4120	1.4120	0.000	4	18.00	10.00	
12.5	1.0000		1.4120	1.4120	1.4120	0.000	4	. 18.00	10.00	
25	1.0000		1.4120	1,4120	1.4120	0.000	4	18.00	10.00	
71	1.0000		1.4120	1.4120	1,4120	0.000	4	18.00	10.00	
100	1.0000		1,4120	1,4120	1.4120	0.000	4	18.00	10.00	
		/								

Auxiliary Tests					Statistic	Critical	Skew	Kurt
Shapiro-Wilk's Test indicates nor		ition (p > 0).05)		1	0.916		
Equality of variance cannot be co	nfirmed							
Hypothesis Test (1-tail, 0.05)	NOEC	LOEC	ChV	TU				
Steel's Many-One Rank Test	100	>100		1		. ,	•	
Treatments vs control								

Dose-Response Plot

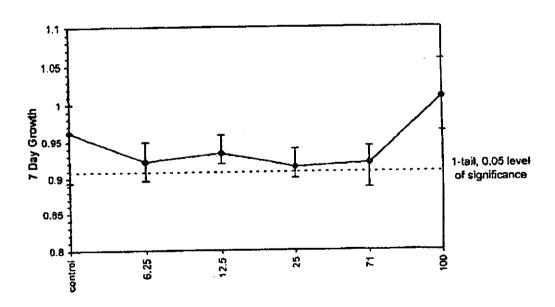


			Lai	val Fish Growth and S	urvival Test-/ Day Gi	rowin ;/
	9/17/2013 9/24/2013		Lab ID:	13-14329 JRR EPA-821-R-02-013	Sample ID: Sample Type: Test Species:	VA0057487 EFF1-POTW PP-Pimephales promeles
Conc-%	1	2	3	4		
control	1.0001	0.9585	0.8935	0.9952		
6.25	0.9303	0.9493	0.9120	0.8963		
12.5	0.9192	0.9191	0.9585	0.9381		
25	0.9401	0.9038	0.9161	0.9000		•
71	0.9106	0.9441	0.8877	0.9388		
100	0.9593	1.0166	0.9932	1.0539		

						. /				<u> </u>
<u></u> .			Transform	n: Untran	sformed	V _		1-Tailed		
Conc-%	Mean N-Mean	Mean	Min	Max	CV%	N	t-Stat	Critical	MSD	
control	0.9618 1.0000	0.9618	0.8935	1.0001	5.114	4			-	•
	0.9220 0.9586	0.9220	0.8963	0.9493	2.485	4	1.798	2.410	0.0534	
6.25		0.9337	0.9191	0.9585	2.011	4	1.268	2.410	0.0534	
12.5			0.9000	0.9401	1.977	4	2.112	2.410	0.0534	
25		0.9150			–	4	1,873	2.410	0.0534	
71		0.9203	0.8877	0.9441	2.851	-	-1.982	2.410	0.0534	
100	1.0058 1.0457	1.0058	0.9593	1.0539	3.957	4	+1.902	2.410	U.UJJ4	

					Statistic		Critical		Skew	Kurt
Auxiliary Tests Shapiro-Wilk's Test indicates non	mal distrib	tion (n > (1.051		0.97072		0.916		-0.4616	0.26525
Shapiro-Wilk's Test indicates non Bartlett's Test indicates equal var	ionces in s	. n 47)	3.00)		4.59306		15.0863			
Barrier's Test indicates equal val	NOEC	LOEC	ChV	TU	MSDu	MSDp	MSB	MSE	F-Prob	<u>df</u>
Hypothesis Test (1-tall, 0.05) Dunnett's Test	100	>100	<u> </u>	1	0.05342	0.05554	0.0049	0.00098	0.00488	5, 18
Treatments vs control										

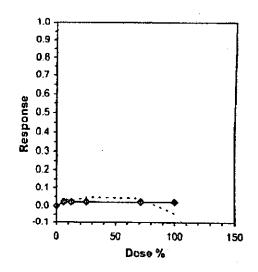
Dose-Response Plot



Ctart Date:	0/47/2012				Survival Test-7 Day G	
Start Date:	9/17/2013		Test ID:	13-14329	Sample ID:	VA0057487
End Date:	9/24/2013		Lab ID:	JRR	Sample Type:	EFF1-POTW
Sample Date:			Protocol:	EPA-821-R-02-013	Test Species:	PP-Pimephales promelas
Comments:						
Conc-%	1	2	3	4		
control	1.0001	0.9585	0.8935	0.9952		
6.25	0.9303	0.9493	0.9120	0.8963	•	
12.5	0.9192	0.9191	0.9585	0.9381		
25	0.9401	0.9038	0.9161	0.9000		
71	0.9106	0.9441	0.8877	0.9388		
100	0.9593	1.0166	0.9932	1.0539		

				Transform	n: Untran	sformed		Isotonic
Conc-%	Mean	N-Mean	Mean	Min	Max	CV%	N	. Mean N-Mean
control	0.9618	1.0000	0.9618	0.8935	1.0001	5,114	4	0.9618- 1.0000
6.25	0.9220	0.9586	0.9220	0.8963	0.9493	2.485	4	0.9394 0.9766
12.5	0.9337	0.9708	0.9337	0.9191	0.9585	2.011	4	0.9394 0.9766
25	0.9150	0.9513	0.9150	0.9000	0.9401	1.977	4	0.9394 0.9766
71	0.9203	0.9568	0.9203	0.8877	0.9441	2.851	4	0.9394 0.9766
100	1.0058	1.0457	1.0058	0.9593	1.0539	3.957	4	0.9394 0.9766

Auxiliary Tests	Statistic	Critical	Skew Kurt
Shapiro-Wilk's Test indicates normal distribution (p > 0.05)	0.97072	0.916	-0.4616 0.26525
Bartlett's Test indicates equal variances (p = 0.47)	4.59306	15.0863	



Test: LF-Larval Fish Growth and Survival Test

Species: PP-Pimephales promelas

Sample ID: VA0057487 Start Date: 9/17/2013 End Date: 9/24/2013 Test ID: 13-14329

Protocol: EPA-821-R-02-013 Sample Type: EFF1-POTW

Lab ID: JRR

Pos	aı	Rep	Group	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7	Total Wgt	Tare Wgt(Wgt Coun
	1	1	control	· 10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.35	4.349	10
	2	2	control	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	15.176	5.591	10
 	3	3	control	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	13.935	5	10
	4	4	control	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	15.27	5.318	10
	5	1	6.25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	13.564	4.261	10
	6	2	6.25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.48	4.987	10
	7	3	6.25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	13.263	4.143	
	8	4	6.25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	13.648	4.685	10
	9	1	12.5	10.	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.022	4.83	
	10	2	12.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	13.912	4.721	10
	11	3	12.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.3	4.715	_
	12	4	12.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.12	4.739	10
	13	1	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	13,693	4.292	10
	14	2	25			10	10	10	 		10	13.68	4.642	
	15	3	25			10			<u> </u>		•		 	
	16	4	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		4.731	10
	17	1	71	10	10	10								·
	18	2		10									4.981	10
	19	3	71	10	10	10	10	10					5.09	
	20	4	71	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.438	5.05	
	21	1	100	10	10	10	10	10			10	14,014	4.421	10
	22	2	100	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		1	10
	23	3	100	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.665	4.733	
	24	4	. 100	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	15.989	5.45	10

Comments:

Reviewed by:



OBSERVATIONS

9/17/139/100

NPDES#:VA0057487 CLIENT: Stafford-Able Lake OUTFALL:
ORGANISM SOURCE: JRA 00 JRA BATCH#: AGE: <24 hours

	-	1									13411 041111					AGE. \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
Conc.%	REP	טא			RUADEC	us	рH			H	DI	SSOLVED (OXYGEN (mg	/L)		TEMP	ERATU	RB	COND	
%Surv.		<u> </u>	(cont	trol >90)%)			, : wew											(առի	os)
HOURS:	⇒	٥	24	48		0	24	48		0	24	48			0	24	48		0	END
Control	Α	5_	5	5		8.20	18-26	8.2		8 10	8-3	8.3			75.0	74.7	25.3		174	177
(00°)	B	15_	2	5				<u> </u>												
	C	5_	2	5																
	D	5	5	5																1
6,25	A_	5	2	5		7.4	1326	8.30		8.3	8.3	8.3			24.0	25	25.3		176	178
100%	В	5_	2	5																
	C	5	2	5																
	D	5	2	5																1
12.5	A_	5_	2	5		8.12	8-13	8.17		8.3	8-3	83			24.9	254	2 1 5-3		178	179
100 2	В	5_	2	5																
	C	5	2	5																
	ם	_5_	Z	5				<u></u>								ŧ				
25	Α_	5_	7	5		8.06	8.17	8.12		8.3	8-1	8.3			24.8	14. J	<i>-</i> 53		179	181
90 %	В	5	<u>Z</u>	5											·					
	<u> </u>	5	2	5		_														
	D	5	5	5			†													
DNIT		įμ	4)	Ku							<u></u>	·		<u> </u>	المستنسية				J	
DATE 200	08	વાાક	9/19	4120																
TOME				1140															•	



OBSERVATIONS (cont.)

JRA# 13-14329

NPDES#:VA0057487 CLIENT: Stafford-Able Lake OUTFALL: 00 |

Cose %	REP ↓	NUMBER OF LIVE ORGANISMS (Control ≥ 90%)				рH				DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L)					TEMPERATURS				COND (µmhos/cm)					
HOURS		0	24	48	1.		0	24	48		0	24	48			<u> </u>		0	24	48	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	END
50	A	5	2	5			7.88	8.03	8.00		8.3	84	8.3					24.9	anr	-31.2	 	-	182	185
100 %	В	5	2	5													 	 +	79.3		1-	 	13-	105
	C	5_	2	5														 	1	-	 	 		
	D_	5_	2	5														\vdash	1	 	+	 		
100	A_	5_	2	5			7.09	7.56	7.51		8.3	8.0	8.3				-	71.4	25	- F 2	!		195	197
1002	В	5	7	5								\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<u> </u>					120.	स्य	2	-	 	177	11/
	<u>C</u>	5	5	5																				
	D	5	45																					
			9 2															1						·
																				·				
														_										<u>-</u>

GENERAL COMMENTS



NPDES#: VA0057487 CLIENT: Stafford-Able Lake OUTFALL: 001

DATE D															
	מ	ELECTION ATE/TIME	ARRIVAL DATE	TEMP (°C)	TIVE Hq	FINAL pH	ENII DO (mg/L)	FINAL DO (mg/L)	COND (umbos)	INIT TRC (mg/L)	FINAL TRC (mg/L)	HARD (mg/L)	ALK (mg/L)		
91:81:3		113@ c&60 13@sebeo		24.9	671	7.09	10.3	8.3	195	<0.02	· ·	36	14		
DO Adjustment Date 9118117 Method Aeyere Minutes 10	ડ <u>ે</u>	pH Adjustments TRC Adjustments Date Date													
		Ď I L	UENT (QR	195 мод С 2	Hard SFW	Other		<u></u>	_) CTRCLE	ONE					
DATE	d	DAY DATE		E	TEMP (°C)	PHq	DO (u	æ/L)	COND (µmbos)	TRC (rog/L) <0.02	(m	ARD 1g/L) -100	ALK (mg/L)		
9118113		0 9/	15113		250	8.24	8.	. v	174	20.€	2 8	0	61		
TRU	EATMENT)	ENT PREPARATIONS CALCULATIONS					VERIFICATION VERIFIED OF: BY:			ANALYST SIGNATURES			VITIALS		
CONC(% mg/L)	YOLU YOLU (mal	IMPL PAC	STOCK AMC BONC STO (2) mg/l) (a		AMOUNT DULUENT (ml.)	PREPAR	TREATMENT PREPARATION CALCULATIONS			4,02			46		
Control	200	AHA	0 200		200	NUMB ORGAL		kı	1		19	\ 1	4		
6.25%	200	100	% 12	5	187.5	STATIS		4							
12.5%	200	100	100% 25		175										
25%	200	100	100% 50		150]				Cer	1	-			
50%	200	100	10	0	100										
100% CALCULATIONS PER	200 REFORMED E			200 0											
EST CHAMBER SI		20.								74 <u> </u>	·				
EOUIPMENT	Make		TYPE: <u>Pr</u> Model	opylene Si	viel Numbe	DLUME OF '		UTION:_ be Numbe	20	<u>nL</u>					
H meter YWR SB21 00					005173	FE FO TY									
XX meter YSI			5000			7N									
T meter ORION 3 STAR 000642						··-·	AI_								
emperature VWR digi-thermo NA 13c1990+3 N/A OMMENTS:															

Rcv 12/07

Toxicity Test Sample Chain of Custody
PLEASE COMPLETE ALL INFORMATION
Facility: ABEL LAKE WATER Treatment Facility
NPDES#: VA ØØ57487
Address: 121 Moorewood Ln. FrederickSburg, Va. 22406
County: STAFfor & Pipe/Outfall/Location: ØØ1 Flow Type (Circle One) Continuous Intermittent Batch Stormwater Other:
Flow Type (Circle One) Continuous Intermittent Batch Stormwater Other:
Instream Waste Conc
Type of sample:
(Grab): Date Time Amount of Sample Collected
(Time Composite): Collected from (Date/Time): 9-15-13 / 0800
To (Date/Time): 9-16-13/0600
Number/Volume of Subsamplace 12 / 4 Ch. Time Increments of the company of the com
(Flow-Proportional Composite:): Collected from (Date/Time):
To (Date/Time):
Set Volume Subsample/Volume Flow: Total Amount Collected:
For variable volume subsamples based on flow/set time Increments Attach sample and flow information.
Sample collected by: (print) Affiliation:
Sample collected by: (print) Affiliation:
*Temperature of sample in sample collection device3.5°c
*Final temperature of effluent at sample collection point 25°
*Is sample collection device chilled? YES Is sample packed on ice for shipment? 5 YES
*It is required that all samples remain at 0-6°C during collection period and shipment for data to be accepted
by the appropriate Regulatory Agency (Do not freeze)
Is the sample chlorinated? dechlorinated? If so, how? Sodium Bisulfive Permit with interim chlorine limit? If yes- limit (mg/L) Field PH for the Period Chlorine To
Permit with interim chlorine limit? If yes-limit (mg/L)
Tierd bit a.t. Tierd Total Mediding Cindums 0.00 Time. 12.79 (stab time.
Name of Analyst: Affiliation:
Name of Analyst: Comments/Sample description Final effluent -our fall of 1 As Dalined in permit * VA0057487. Method of Shipmant: Dia 1 5005
Method of Shiphitent. PLONO! STAFF
Shipment Date / Time:
Type of test(s) to be performed: Acute Toxicity Chronic Toxicity (Specify organisms): Ceriodophnia dubia primephales prometas
(Specify organisms): <u>Ceriodophnia dubia</u> primephales promelas
PRINT & SIGN NAMES
Relinquished by: (Print) M. Soile /Sign W. Date/Time 9/16/13 0700
Received by: (Print) Refer Kenney /Sign Q Date/Time 9/16/12 0700
Relinquished by: (Print) Rules Kenney /Sign (Date/Time 5/16/13 16:46
Received by: (Print) Mendy Au / Sign Mudsheld. Date/Time 9-16-13 10:46
Relinquished by: (Print) /Sign Date/Time
David Line (David)
Received by: (Print_)/SignDate/Time
EFFLUENT CONDITION UPON ARRIVAL AT LABORATORY IRA #: 13-14327-A Arrival Temperature: 220 Date: 9-16-13 Time: 12:46 Ice Present: Yes/ Ice Sample Volume: 2.5660olor: Light fellodor: None Solids: None PH: 6.48 DO (mg/L): 10. Conductivity (µmhos/cm) 185 @ 246 °C Salinity (ppt): 21 TRC (mg/L): 20.07 Method (For TRC): HACH 8167 Analyst: CAA
•

Toxicity Test Sample Chain of Custody

PLEASE COMPLETE ALL INFORMATION	NC (')
Facility: ABEL LAKE WATER Treatmen	ut Facility
NPDES#: <u> </u>	
Address: 121 Magrewood La. Freleric	KSbure 1/2 22406
County: STAFfor & Intermittent Flow Type (Circle One) Continuous Intermittent	Pipe/Outfall/Location: 601
Flow Type (Circle One) Continuous Intermittent	Batch Stormwater Other:
Instream Waste Conc	
Type of sample:	
(Grab): Date Time	Amount of Sample Collected
(Time Composite): Collected from (Date/Ti	me): G. 17 12 / ACA2
To (Date/Time):	9-18-13 / 0600
Number/Volume of Subsamples: 12 / 9 SA	Time Increment: 2 hrs Total Amount Collected: 10 L
(Flow-Proportional Composite:): Collected	from (Date/Time):
(2.20% 2.20portional composite.). Concercin	To Oats Circle
	To (Date/Time):
For variable volume subsamples based on flourises the	Total Amount Collected:
For variable volume subsamples based on flow/set tin	ne increments Artach sample and flow information.
Sample collected by: (print) (sign)	Allillation:
*Temperature of sample in sample collection device	
*Final temperature of effluent at sample collection poi	<u> </u>
*Is sample collection device chilled? U.C. Is some	R 13 C
*Is sample collection device chilled? YES Is san	iple packed on ice for shipment?
by the appropriate Regulatory Agency (Do not from	ing collection period and shipment for data to be accepted
Is the sample chlorinated? dechlorinated?	eezel)
Permit with interim chlorine limit? If yes-lim	IT SO, DOW! SOCIUM DISULTITE
Field pH & S Field Total Residual Chlorina	in (myr.)
Field pH 6.5 Field Total Residual Chlorine Name of Analyst:	A P/F1
Comments/Sample description Final effluent - or	-CONT.
Method of Shipment: Plant Staff	11 HOLL GOT AS DAINED IN DECIMIT " VADOS 7481
Shipment Date / Time:	
Type of test(s) to be performed: Accord Toyle: To	Tahan tahan
Type of test(s) to be performed: Acute Toxicity (Specify organisms): Ceriodophia Cubio	Chonic Joxicity
(1) (1)	- 1 prime phaces promecas
PRINT & SIGN NAMES	
Relinquished by: (Print) James 6. Showers SN /Sig	Thomas Many Control But Come But a 1710
Received by: (Print) R. Jack Kenney /Sig	
	Date/Time q-18-13 07:0
Relinquished by: (Print) Rollies Kenney /Sig	Date/Time 9-18-13 10.35
	n Mandel Stl Date/Time 9-18-13 10:35
·	Dutc 1 mic 7 18 13 70.35
Relinquished by: (Print) /Sig	nDate/Time
Received by: (Print_) /Sign	
	Date Time
EFFLUENT CONDITIONAL	ON ARRIVAL AT LABORATORY
KA #: (U/ 1U / CO AITIVAL L'emperature - a ct -	Doto Grace 5 ()
Sample volume. T. P. C. Color, p.dy. 1. Odol.	ome Solids: Come off: 4:71 DO (mg/1): 10)
conductivity (humoseem) 175. @ 24.7 °C Sa	linity (ppt): < TRC (mg/L): \(\subseteq \text{Lo.02}
Method (For TRC): HACH 8167 Analyst:	Con Local Land

Toxicity Test Sample Chain of Custody PLEASE COMPLETE ALL INFORMATION

(3)

NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

Facility: ABEL LAKE WATER TREAD	Ment facility	(3)
NPDES#: VA ØØ57487		
Address: 121 Moorewood Ln. Fre	Frycksprik , No 94400	
County: STAFFord	Pipe/Unitall/Location:	<u>8 · </u>
Flow Type (Circle One) Continuous Intermitt		er:
Instream Waste Conc		
Type of sample:		 .
(Grab): Date Time	Amount of Sample	Collected
(Time Composite): Collected from (Da	ite/Time): 9-19-13/0809	<u> </u>
To (Date/Time):	9-20-13/0600	<u> </u>
Number/Volume of Subsamples: 12/2		
(Flow-Proportional Composite:): Colle		
0.11.1 0.1 1.07.1 71	To (Date/Time):	
Set Volume Subsample/Volume Flow:	i otal Amo	ount Collected:
For variable volume subsamples based on flow/s		=
Sample collected by: (print)	Aiiniauon:	
(sign)		
*Temperature of sample in sample collection dev *Final temperature of effluent at sample collection	n point 740	
*Is sample collection device chilled? YES		nent? # VPS
*It is required that all samples remain at 0-6°		
by the appropriate Regulatory Agency (Do r		smpment for data to be accepted
Is the sample chlorinated? dechlorinate	d? V If so how? Sadi	Bisultite
Permit with interim chlorine limit? If y	es-limit (mg/L)	
Field pH 6.4 Field Total Residual Chlorine	0.00 Time: 1400	Grab time:
Name of Analyst:	Affiliation:	
Comments/Sample description Final effluer	T-out Fall & As Defined	In Permit * VADOS7487
Method of Shipment: Plant STAFF		
Shipment Date / Time:		
Type of test(s) to be performed : Acure Toxic	ity / chronic Toxicia	TY
(Specify organisms): ceriodophnia c	lubia / primephales pro	melas
•		
PRINT & SIGN NAMES	A L	7
Relinquished by: (Print) Goldie Woolfolk		Date/Time 9-20-13 :035
Received by: (Print) Mendy half	_/Sign_Moudehall	Date/Time 9:2013 10: 35
Relinquished by: (Print)	/Sign	Data /Ti
Received by: (Print)	/Sign	Date/Time
Received by, (1 Imt.)	, pigu	Date/Time
Relinquished by: (Print)	/Sign	Date/Time
Received by: (Print_)	/Sign	Date/Time
recectived by (1 Int.)		Date Time
		•
EFFLUENT CONDITION	ON UPON ARRIVAL AT LAB	ORATORY _
JRA #: 3-14329-C Arrival Temperature: [1.4° Date: 9-2013 Tim	ne: 10:35 Ice Present: (Yes) No
Sample Volume: 25 Gal Color Light Yeiler	dor: <u>Some</u> Solids: <u>Some</u> 3	oH: 6.40 DO (mg/L): 11.3
Conductivity (µmhos/cm) 188 @ 25.3	°C Salinity (ppt): T	RC (mg/L): _ <0.02
Method (For TRC): HACH 8167 Analy	rst: Lus	

Public Notice - Environmental Permit

PURPOSE OF NOTICE: To seek public comment on a draft permit from the Department of Environmental Quality that will allow the release of treated industrial wastewater into a water body in Stafford County, Virginia.

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD: XXX, 2014 to XXX, 2014

PERMIT NAME: Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit – Wastewater issued by DEQ, under the authority of the State Water Control Board

APPLICANT NAME, ADDRESS AND PERMIT NUMBER: Stafford County Board of Supervisors, PO Box 339, Stafford VA 22555-0339, VA0057487

NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY: Stafford County Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant, 121 Moorewood Ln, Fredericksburg, VA 22406

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: The Stafford County Board of Supervisors has applied for a reissuance of a permit for the public Stafford County Abel Lake Water Treatment Plant. The applicant proposes to release treated industrial wastewaters at a rate of 0.189 million gallons per day into a water body. The facility proposes to release the treated industrial wastewaters in Abel Lake in Stafford County in the Potomac watershed. A watershed is the land area drained by a river and its incoming streams. The permit will limit the following pollutants to amounts that protect water quality: pH, Total Suspended Solids, Total Residual Chlorine. The permit requires monitoring for dissolved copper, dissolved iron, dissolved manganese, dissolved nickel and Total Hardness.

HOW TO COMMENT AND/OR REQUEST A PUBLIC HEARING: DEQ accepts comments and requests for public hearing by hand-delivery, e-mail, fax or postal mail. All comments and requests must be in writing and be received by DEQ during the comment period. Submittals must include the names, mailing addresses and telephone numbers of the commenter/requester and of all persons represented by the commenter/requester. A request for public hearing must also include: 1) The reason why a public hearing is requested. 2) A brief, informal statement regarding the nature and extent of the interest of the requester or of those represented by the requester, including how and to what extent such interest would be directly and adversely affected by the permit. 3) Specific references, where possible, to terms and conditions of the permit with suggested revisions. A public hearing may be held, including another comment period, if public response is significant, based on individual requests for a public hearing, and there are substantial, disputed issues relevant to the permit.

CONTACT FOR PUBLIC COMMENTS, DOCUMENT REQUESTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The public may review the draft permit and application at the DEQ-Northern Regional Office by appointment, or may request electronic copies of the draft permit and fact sheet.

Name: Alison Thompson

Address: DEQ-Northern Regional Office, 13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, VA 22193